QODN167A0B: Osprey Series DC-DC Converter

2000W non-isolated, 40 to 60V_{DC} Input; 12V_{DC} 167A Output



RoHS Compliant

The OmniOn Power™ QODNxxxA0B Osprey series of DC-DC converters is a second generation of non-isolated, regulated DC/DC power modules with higher efficiency, designed to support 12V_{DC} intermediate bus applications. The QODN167A0B series operates from an input voltage range of 40 to 60V_{DC} and provides up to 2000W output power in an industry-standard, modified DOSA digital quarter brick. The converter incorporates digital control, synchronous rectification technology, a regulated control topology, and innovative packaging techniques to achieve peak-load efficiency exceeding 98.5% at 12V_{DC} output. Standard features include a heat plate to attach external heat sinks or contact a cold wall, on/off control, remote sense, output overcurrent and over voltage protection, over temperature protection, input under and over voltage lockout and PMBus interface.

Application

- Servers and storage applications
- Supercomputers
- Distributed power architectures
- Intermediate bus voltage applications
- Networking equipment
- Automatic Test Equipment

Features

- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and amended Directive (EU) 2015/863
- Compliant to REACH Directive (EC) No 1907/2006
- Halogen-free models by IEC 61249-2-21
- High and flat efficiency with peak-load efficiency >98.5%
- Input voltage range: 40-60V_{DC}
- Delivers up to 2000W output power
- Low output ripple and noise
- Industry standard, modified-DOSA Digital Quarter Brick: 58.4 mm x 36.8 mm x 14.5 mm (2.30 in x 1.45 in x 0.57 in)
  58.4 mm x 36.8 mm x 13.6 mm (2.30 in x 1.45 in x 0.53 in)
  58.4 mm x 36.8 mm x 15.1 mm (2.30 in x 1.45 in x 0.59 in)
  58.4 mm x 36.8 mm x 15.5 mm (2.30 in x 1.45 in x 0.61 in)
- Constant switching frequency
- Remote On/Off control & Remote sense
- Output over current/voltage protection
- Digital interface with PMBus™ Rev.1.2 compliance
- Firmware update over I^2C
- Black box
- Over temperature protection
- Pre-bias startup
- Wide operating temperature range: -40°C to 85°C, Continuous
- Compliant to IPC-9592, Category 2, Class I for extended life
- ANSI/UL# 62368-1 and CAN/CSA† C22.2 No. 62368-1 Recognized, TUV type approved:2017 (EN62368-1:2014/A11:2017)
- ISO** 9001 and ISO 14001 certified manufacturing facilities
- Base plate (-H=option code)

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only, functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operations sections of the data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect the device reliability.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Voltage[1] Continuous Transient (100ms)	V_{IN}	-0.3	 60 80	V_{DC}
VON/OFF to V_{IN}(-)	$V_{ON/OFF}$	-	14.5	V_{DC}
Logic Pin Voltage (to SIG_GND or V_O(-)) ADDR, CLK, DATA, SMBALERT	V_{PIN}	-0.3	3.6	V_{DC}
Operating Ambient Temperature	T_A	-40	85	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40	105	°C

[1]Input over voltage protection will shutdown the output voltage when the input voltage exceeds threshold level.

[2]Base plate is considered floating.

Electrical Specifications

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage	All	V_{IN}	40	54	60	V_{DC}
Maximum Input Current (V_{IN} = 54V, I_O = $I_{O, max}$)		$I_{IN, max}$	-	38		A_{DC}
Input No Load Current (V_{IN} = $V_{IN, nom}$, I_O = 0A, module enabled)	All	$I_{IN, No load}$		240		mA
Input Stand-by Current (V_{IN} = $V_{IN, nom}$, module disabled)	All	$I_{IN, stand-by}$			30	mA
External Input Capacitance	All		330*2	-		µF
Input Terminal Ripple Current (Measured at module input pin with 220µF input capacitance and < 500µH inductance between voltage source and input capacitance) 5Hz to 20MHz, V_{IN} = 54V, I_O = $I_{O, max}$	All		-		2000	mA_{RMS}
Output Voltage Set-point (V_{IN} = 54V, I_O = HALF load, T_A = 25°C)	All	$V_{O, set}$	11.95	12.0	12.05	V_{DC}
Output Voltage [Overall operating input voltage (40V to 60V), resistive load, and temperature conditions until end of life]	w/o –A,-P w/ –A,-P	V_O	11.8 11.6	12.0 12.0	12.2 12.4	V_{DC}
Output Voltage Programming Range (by VOUT_COMMAND)	All	V_O	9.5		12.5	V_{DC}

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† CSA is a registered trademark of Canadian Standards Association.
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# The PMBus name and logo are registered trademarks of the System Management Interface Forum (SMIF)

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Electrical Specifications (continued)

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Regulation ($V_{IN,\,min}$ = 40v)						
Line (V_{IN}= $V_{IN,\,min}$ to $V_{IN,\,max}$)	All		-	0.8	-	% $V_{O,\,set}$
Load (I_O = $I_{O,\,min}$ to $I_{O,\,max}$)	w/o -A, -P		-	0.5	-	% $V_{O,\,set}$
Load (I_O = $I_{O,\,min}$ to $I_{O,\,max}$), internal droop or internal droop + active share	w/ -A,-P		-	0.4	-	V_{DC}
Temperature (T_A = -40°C to +85°C)	All		-	2	-	% $V_{O,\,set}$
Output Ripple and Noise, C_O = 4000 µF, ½ Ceramic, ½ PosCap or Oscon (V_{IN} = $V_{IN,\,nom}$ and I_O=$I_{O,\,min}$ to $I_{O,\,max}$) RMS (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth)	All		-	50	-	mV_{RMS}
Peak-to-Peak (5Hz to 20MHz bandwidth)			-	-	150	$mV_{pk\text{-}pk}$
External Output Capacitance (at least 4000µF Oscon or POSCAP)	All	C_O	4000	-	30000	µF
Output Power, continuous, 40-60VIN	All	P_O	0	-	2000	W
Output Surge power (Tested with a 1.0µF ceramic, and 5200 µF low ESR Polymer capacitor at the load , dI_O/dt=1A/µs; T_A=25°C) V_{IN} = 45V to 60V, 3000W @ 3ms, period is 16ms	All	P_O	-	-	3000	W
Output Current	All	I_O	0	-	167	A
IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT (Adjustable via PMBus)	All	$I_{O,\,lim}$	110	120	140	%
Efficiency (V_{IN} = **54V**, T_A = 25°C)						
I_O = 100% $I_{O,\,max}$, V_O = $V_{O,\,set}$	All	η		98.0		%
I_O = 60% $I_{O,\,max}$, V_O = $V_{O,\,set}$	All	η		98.4		%
Efficiency (V_{IN} = **51V**, T_A = 25°C)						
I_O = 100% $I_{O,\,max}$, V_O = $V_{O,\,set}$	All	η		98.1		%
I_O = 60% $I_{O,\,max}$, V_O = $V_{O,\,set}$	All	η		98.5		%
Switching Frequency (Primary FETs)		fsw		140		kHz
Dynamic Load Response						
dI_O/dt = 1A/µs; V_{IN} = $V_{IN,nom}$; T_A = 25°C;						
(Tested with a 1.0µF ceramic, and 5200 µF low ESR Polymer capacitor at the load)						
Load Change from I_O = 50% to 75% of $I_{O,max}$:						
Peak Deviation	All	V_{pk}		300		mV_{pk}
Settling Time (V_O <10% peak deviation)		t_s		200		µs
Load Change from I_O = 75% to 50% of $I_{O,max}$:						
Peak Deviation	All	V_{pk}		300		mV_{pk}
Settling Time (V_O <10% peak deviation)		t_s		200		µs
Load transient, 2 modules parallel condition, 0 to 50% load = 2.0kW		$V_{o,\,min}$	11.6		12.4	V

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General Specifications

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Typ	Unit
Calculated Reliability Based upon Telcordia SR-332 Issue 4: Method I, Case 3, (I_O = 80%$I_{O,\,max}$, T_c = 40°C, Airflow = 200 LFM), 90% confidence	All All	MTBF FIT	4.986 200.6	MHours 10^9/Hours
Weight – with Base plate(-H)			90 (3.17)	g (oz.)

Feature Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply overall operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions. See Feature Descriptions for additional information.

Parameter	Device	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Remote On/Off Signal Interface (V_{IN} = $V_{IN,\,min}$ to $V_{IN,\,max}$, Signal referenced to V_{IN}-terminal)						
Negative Logic ("1" device code suffix):						
Logic Low = module On; Logic High = module Off						
Positive Logic (no device code suffix):						
Logic Low = module Off; Logic High = module On						
Logic Low (pull down to V_{IN}(-) externally)						
Voltage	All	$V_{on/off}$	-	-	0.8	V_{DC}
Sink current	All	$I_{on/off}$	-	-	500	µA
Logic High (default; pulled up internally)						
Internal pull-up voltage	All	$V_{on/off}$		3.3	-	V_{DC}
Optional external applied voltage	All	$V_{on/off}$	2.4		14.5	V_{DC}
Leakage current of external pull-down device ($V_{on/off}$ = 2.4V)	All	$I_{on/off}$	-	-	130	µA
Turn-On Delay and Rise Times (I_O=$I_{O,\,max}$, Adjustable)						
T_{delay} = Time until V_O = 10% of $V_{O,\,set}$ from either application of V_{IN}						
with Remote On/Off set to On (Enable with V_{IN});	All	T_{delay}	-	-	600	ms
or operation of Remote On/Off from Off to On with applied for at least 30 milli-seconds (Enable with on/off)		$T_{delay,Enable\ with\ on/\ off}$	-	-	10	ms
T_{rise} = Time for V_O to rise from 10% to 90% of $V_{O,set}$, Monotonic	All	T_{rise}	-	25		ms
Load Sharing Current Balance - active current share (difference in output current across all modules with outputs in parallel, half load to full load)	-A/-P option	I_{diff}	-5	-	+5	% full load
Remote Sense correction	V_{Sense}				0.5	V_{DC}
VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT (Adjustable via PMBus)	All	$V_{O,limit}$	-	$V_{O,set}$ + 2V	-	V_{DC}
Overtemperature Protection (Adjustable via PMBus)	All	$T_{OTP,set}$	-	125	-	°C
Input Undervoltage Lockout (Adjustable via PMBus)						
Turn-on Threshold			-	37	-	V_{DC}
Turn-off Threshold			-	35	-	V_{DC}
Hysteresis			-	2	-	V_{DC}
Input Overvoltage Lockout (Adjustable via PMBus)						
Turn-off Threshold (VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT)			-	63	-	V_{DC}
Turn-on Threshold			-	61	-	V_{DC}

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Digital Interface Specifications

Unless otherwise indicated, specifications apply overall operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions. See Feature Descriptions for additional information.

Parameter	Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
PMBus Signal Interface Characteristics						
Input High Voltage (CLK, DATA)		V_{IH}	2.1		3.6	V
Input Low Voltage (CLK, DATA)		V_{IL}			0.8	V
Input High level current (CLK, DATA)		I_{IH}	-10		10	µA
Input Low level current (CLK, DATA)		I_{IL}	-10		10	µA
Output Low Voltage (CLK, DATA, SMBALERT#)		V_{OL}			0.4	V
Output Low internal sink current (CLK, DATA)	V_{OL} = 0.4V	I_{OL}	4			mA
Output Low internal sink current (SMBALERT#)	V_{OL} = 0.4V	I_{OL}	2			mA
Output High level internal leakage current (DATA, SMBALERT#)	V_{OUT} = 3.6V	I_{OH}	0		10	µA
Pin capacitance		C_O		0.7		pF
PMBus Operating frequency range (*5-10 kHz to accommodate hosts not supporting Clock stretching)	Slave Mode	FPMB	5*		400	kHz
Measurement System Characteristics						
Output current reading range		$I_{OUT(RNG)}$	20		167	A
Output current reading resolution		$I_{OUT(RES)}$		146		mA
Output current reading accuracy at V_{IN}=51V or 54V (difference between actual and reported values)						
25°C ≤ T_A ≤ 85°C	20A< I_{OUT} ≤83A	$I_{OUT(ACC)}$	-8		8	A
	83A< I_{OUT} <167A		-8		8	%
-40°C ≤ T_A < 25°C	20A< I_{OUT} ≤83A		-10		10	A
	83A< I_{OUT} <167A		-10		10	%
V_{OUT} reading range		$V_{OUT(RNG)}$	0		15.9997	V
V_{OUT} reading resolution		$V_{OUT(RES)}$		0.244		mV
V_{OUT} reading accuracy		$V_{OUT(ACC)}$	-2	0.6	2	%
V_{IN} reading range		$V_{IN(RNG)}$	0		127.875	V
V_{IN} reading resolution		$V_{IN(RES)}$		125		mV
V_{IN} reading accuracy		$V_{IN(ACC)}$	-4	0.8	4	%
Temperature reading resolution		$T_{(RES)}$		0.25		°C
Temperature reading accuracy		$T_{(ACC)}$	-5		5	°C

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Characteristic Curves, 12V$_{DC}$ Output

The following figures provide typical characteristics for QODN167A0B (12V, 167A) at 25°C. The figures are identical.

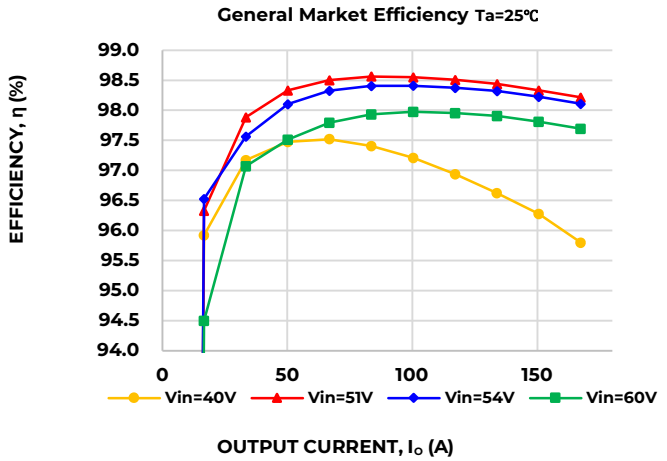


Figure 1. Converter Efficiency versus Output Current

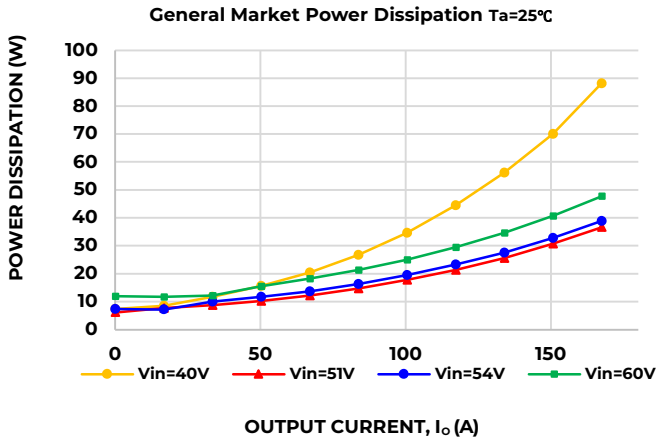


Figure 2. Power Dissipated versus Output Current

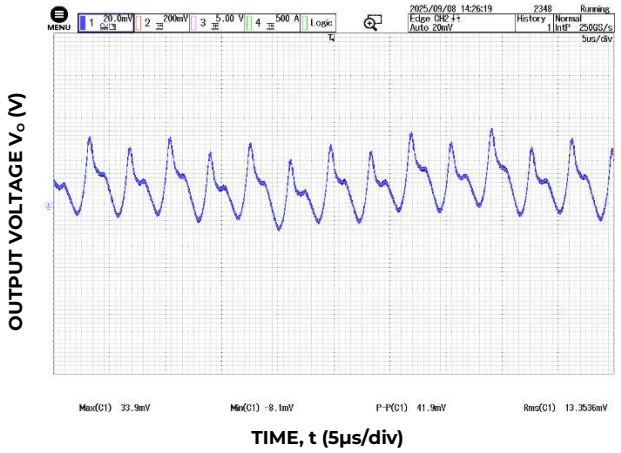


Figure 3. Typical output ripple and noise
(C_O = 350μF Ceramic + 3800μF PosCap Oscon, V_{IN} = 54V, I_O = $I_{O,max}$)

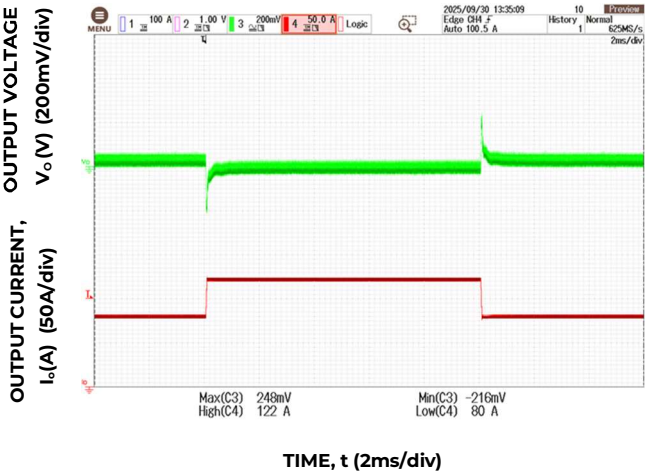


Figure 4. Dynamic Load Response, dI_O/dt=1A/μs; V_{IN}=54V; T_A=25°C;
Load I_O = 50% to 75% of $I_{O,max}$; C_O = 350μF Ceramic +4850μF Ploy CAP

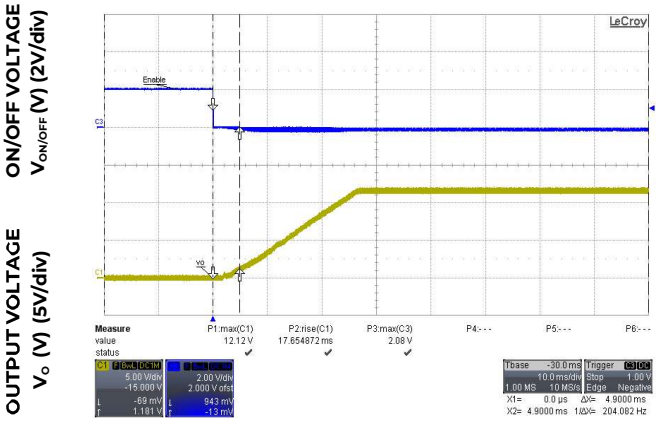


Figure 5. Typical Start-up Using On/Off Voltage
(V_{IN} = 54V, I_O = $I_{O,max}$)

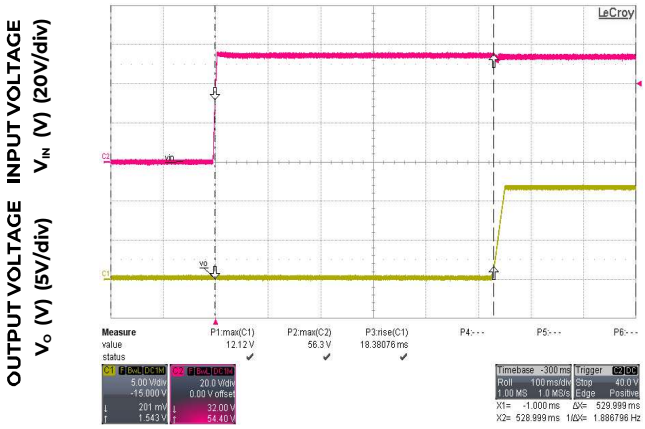


Figure 6. Typical Start-up Using Input Voltage
(V_{IN} = 54V, I_O = $I_{O,max}$)

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Characteristic Curves, 12V$_{DC}$ Output (continued)

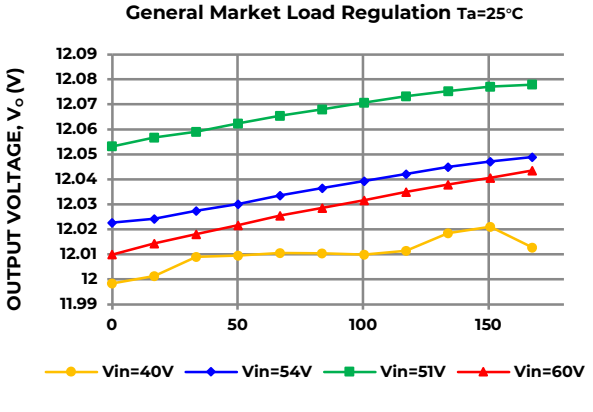


Figure 7. Typical Output Voltage Regulation vs Output Current, Without droop

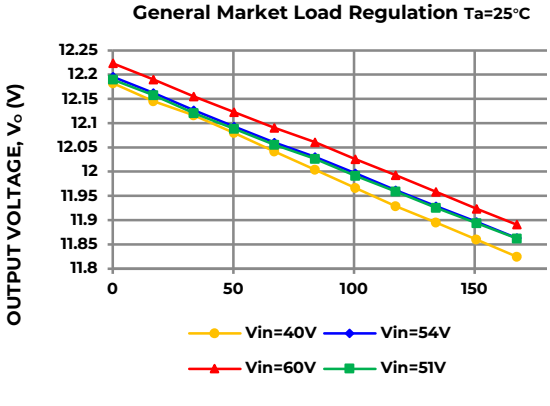


Figure 8. Typical Output Voltage Regulation vs Output Current, With droop

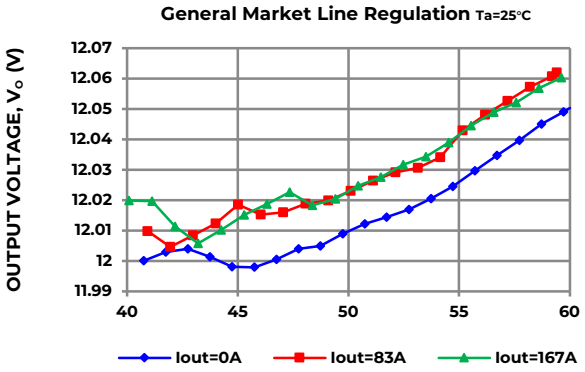


Figure 9. Typical Output Voltage Regulation vs Input Voltage, Without droop

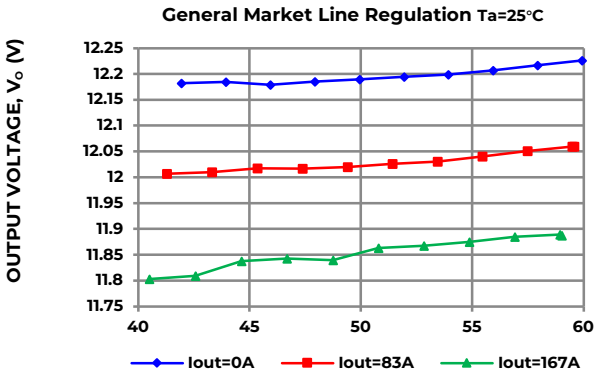


Figure 10. Typical Output Voltage Regulation vs Input Voltage, With droop

EMC Specification

Conducted EMI measured according to EN55022 / EN55032. The fundamental switching frequency is 140kHz. The EMI characteristics below is measured at V_{IN} = 54V and max I_{OUT}.

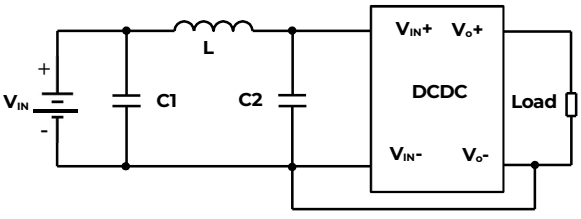


Figure 11. EMI with filter

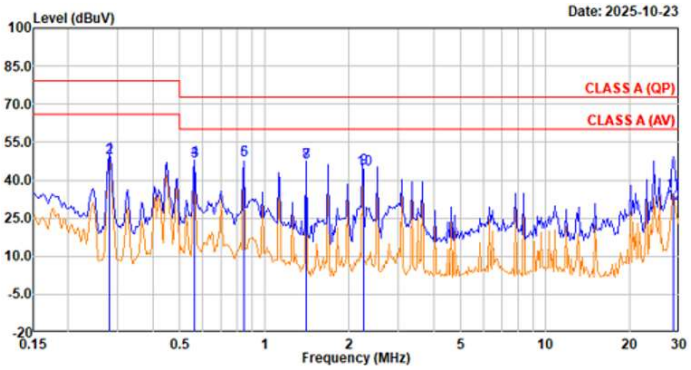


Figure 12. Optional external filter for Class A

Filter components:

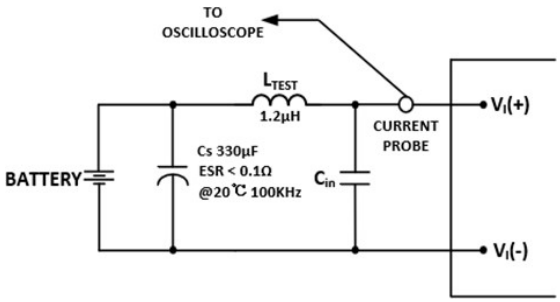
C1 = 2.9μF*9

C2 = 2*330μF(electrolyte) + 2.2μF*3

L = 1.8μH

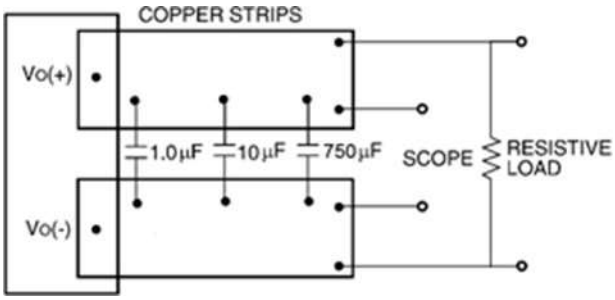
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Test Configurations



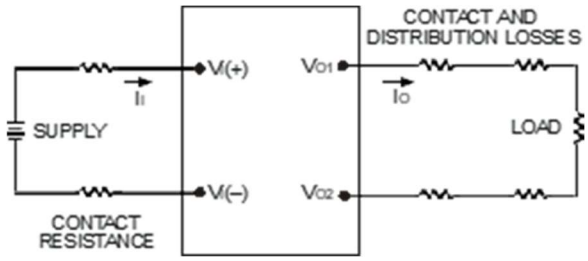
Note: Measure input reflected-ripple current with a simulated source inductance (LTEST) of 1.2 µH. Capacitor C_S offsets possible battery impedance. Measure current as shown above.

Figure 13. Input Reflected Ripple Current Test Setup.



Note: Use a 1.0 µF ceramic capacitor, a 10 µF aluminum or tantalum capacitor and a 750 polymer capacitor. Scope measurement should be made using a BNC socket. Position the load between 51 mm and 76 mm (2 in. and 3 in.) from the module.

Figure 14. Output Ripple and Noise Test Setup.



Note: All measurements are taken at the module terminals. When socketing, place Kelvin connections at module terminals to avoid measurement errors due to socket contact resistance.

Figure 15. Output Voltage and Efficiency Test Setup.

Design Considerations

Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance source. Highly inductive source impedance can affect the stability of the power module. For the test configuration, a 660µF electrolytic capacitor, C_{IN}, (ESR<0.7W at 100kHz), mounted close to the power module helps ensure the stability of the unit.

Safety Considerations

For safety-agency approval of the system in which the power module is used, the power module must be installed in compliance with the spacing and separation requirements of the end-use safety agency standards listed on the cover page of this datasheet.

If the input source is non-SELV/ES3 (ELV or a hazardous voltage greater than 60 V_{DC} and less than or equal to 75V_{DC}), for the module's output to be considered as meeting the requirements for safety extra-low voltage (SELV/ES1), all of the following must be true:

The input source is to be provided with reinforced insulation from any other hazardous voltages, including the ac mains.

One V_{IN} pin and one V_{OUT} pin are to be grounded, or both the input and output pins are to be kept floating.

The input pins of the module are not operator accessible.

Another SELV/ES1 reliability test is conducted on the whole system (combination of supply source and subject module), as required by the safety agencies, to verify that under a single fault, hazardous voltages do not appear at the module's output.

Note: Do not ground either of the input pins of the module without grounding one of the output pins. This may allow a non-SELV/ES3 voltage to appear between the output pins and ground.

The power module has safety extra-low voltage (SELV/ ES1) outputs when all inputs are SELV/ES1.

The input to these units is to be provided with a maximum 80A fast-acting (or time-delay) fuse in the ungrounded input lead.

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Feature Descriptions

Overcurrent Protection

To provide protection in a fault output overload condition, the module is equipped with internal current-limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting continuously. If the overcurrent condition causes the output voltage to fall greater than 2V from $V_{O, set}$, the module will shut down. The module will continually attempt to restore the operation until fault condition is cleared.

A factory configured latched off option (with overcurrent and overvoltage latched off managed as a group) is also available. An latched off feature means that module will remains latched off . The overcurrent latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off pin for one second. If the output overload condition still exists when the module restarts, it will shut down again. This operation will continue indefinitely until the overcurrent condition is corrected.

Remote ON/OFF

The module contains a standard on/off control circuit referenced to the $V_{IN}(-)$ terminal, where the ON/OFF input is pulled up internally to 3.3V, a logic high, with no external connection.

Two factory configured remote on/off logic options are available: The factory-preferred configuration is negative logic (indicated by device code suffix "1"), where the module is Off during a logic high (default) and On during a logic low.

The other option (no suffix "1") is positive logic where the module is On during a logic high (default) and Off during a logic low.

The On/Off circuit is powered from an internal bias supply, derived from the 3.3V. To turn the power module on and off, the user must supply a switch to control the voltage between the On/Off terminal and the $V_{IN}(-)$ terminal ($V_{on/off}$). The switch can be an open collector or equivalent (see Figure 16). The switch should maintain <0.8V while sinking up to 200µA. During a logic high when the switch is off, the maximum allowable leakage current at $V_{on/off}$= 2.4V is 130µA. If using an external voltage source, the maximum voltage $V_{on/off}$ on the pin is 14.5V with respect to the $V_{IN}(-)$ terminal.

If not using the remote on/off feature, perform one of the following to turn the unit on:

For negative logic: short ON/OFF pin to $V_{IN}(-)$.

For positive logic: leave ON/OFF pin open.

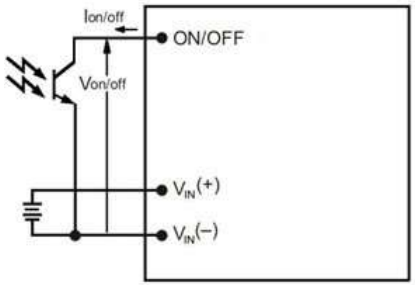


Figure 16. Remote On/Off Implementation.

Output Overvoltage Protection

The module contains circuitry to detect and respond to output overvoltage conditions. If the overvoltage condition causes the output voltage to rise above the limit in the Specifications Table, the module will shut down. The module will continually attempt to restore the operation until fault condition is cleared.

A factory configured latched off option (with overcurrent and overvoltage latched off auto-restart managed as a group) is also available. An latched off feature means that module will remains latched off . The overvoltage latch is reset by either cycling the input power or by toggling the on/off pin for one second. If the output overvoltage condition still exists when the module restarts, it will shut down again. This operation will continue indefinitely until the overvoltage condition is corrected.

Overtemperature Protection

These modules feature an overtemperature protection circuit to safeguard against thermal damage. The circuit shuts down the module when the maximum device reference temperature is exceeded. The module will automatically restart once the reference temperature cools by ~18°C.

Input Under/Over voltage Lockout

At input voltages above or below the input Over/under voltage lockout limits, module operation is disabled.

The module will begin to operate when the input voltage level changes to within the under and overvoltage lockout limits. However recovery from input undervoltage may be delayed by 4 seconds, or 13 seconds if the module is hot.

Load Sharing

For higher power requirements, the QODN167A0B1-A module offers an optional feature for parallel operation (-A Option code). This feature provides a precise forced output voltage load regulation droop characteristic, enabling at least 3 modules to operate in parallel while some may be OFF. The output set point and droop slope are factory calibrated to ensure optimum matching of multiple modules' load regulation characteristics. To implement load sharing, the following requirements should be followed:

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Feature Descriptions (continued)

The $V_{OUT}(+)$ and $V_{OUT}(-)$ pins of all parallel modules must be connected together. Balance the trace resistance for each module's path to the output power planes, to ensure best load sharing and operating temperature balance.

It is permissible to use a common Remote On/Off signal to start all modules in parallel. However, if spurious shutdowns occur at startup due to very low impedance between module outputs, the modules should be started sequentially instead, waiting at least the Turn-On Delay Time + Rise Time before starting the next module.

These modules contain means to block reverse current flow upon start-up, when output voltage is present from other parallel modules, thus eliminating the requirement for external output ORing devices.

Modules with the -P option may automatically increase the Turn On delay, T_{delay}, as specified in the Feature Specifications Table, if output voltage is present on the output bus at startup.

When parallel modules startup into a pre-biased output, e.g. partially discharged output capacitance, the T_{rise} is automatically increased, as specified in the Feature Specifications Table, to ensure graceful startup.

Ensure that the total load is $<I_{O,MAX}$ (for a single module) until all parallel modules have started. Full load may be applied after Max T_{delay} + T_{rise}.

If fault tolerance is desired in parallel applications, output ORing devices should be used to prevent a single module failure from collapsing the load bus.

The current sharing accuracy equation is:

$X\% = [\ I_{o_n} - I_{o_total} / n\ ] /\ I_{O,MAX}$

I_{o_n} is the output current of module1

I_{o_total} is the output current of total

$I_{O,MAX}$ is the rated full load current of per module

n is the module parallel number.

Active current sharing

The modules can provide active current sharing to improve the load-current matching among modules connected in parallel, along with output-voltage droop with load which remains effective.

To enable active current sharing, simply connect the Ishare pins of all modules with outputs connected in parallel, and follow the guidelines described in the Load Sharing section.

The voltage on the Ishare pins will be I_O*3.3/(167*1.1).

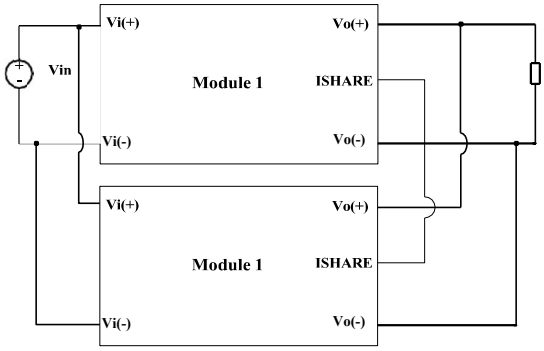


Figure 17. Parallel and active current sharing configuration.

Power Good, PG

The QODN167A0B module provides a Power Good (PG) option, which compares the module's output voltage to the module's POWER_GOOD_ON and POWER_GOOD_OFF values. These values are adjustable via PMBus. PG is asserted when the module's output voltage is above the POWER_GOOD_ON value, and PG is de-asserted if any condition such as overtemperature, overcurrent or loss of regulation occurs that would result in the output voltage going below the POWER_GOOD_OFF value.

The PG signal, provided on pin 8, is implemented with an open-drain node, user should pull up via a 10kΩ resistor to 3.3V outside. For Positive Logic PG (default), the PG signal is HI, when PG is asserted, and LO, when the PG is de-asserted. For Negative Logic PG, the PG signal is LO, when PG is asserted, and HI, when the PG is de-asserted.

The PMBus command MFR_PGOOD _POLARITY is used to set the logic polarity of the signal.

If not using the Power Good feature, the pin may be left N/C.

Default code is with PG pin.

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Feature Descriptions (continued)

Remote Sense

The QODN167A0B is capable of remote output-voltage sensing and regulation using pins SENSE(+) and SENSE(-). The SENSE(-) pin should be always connected to V_O(-). If SENSE(+) is left unconnected, the output voltage is sensed inside the module.

Remote sense minimizes the effects of distribution losses by regulating the voltage at the remote-sense connections (See Figure 16). The voltage between the remote-sense pins and the output terminals must not exceed the output voltage sense range given in the Feature Specifications table:

$$[V(+) - V(-)] - [SENSE(+)] \leq 0.5\ V$$

Although the output voltage can be increased by both the remote sense and by the trim, the maximum increase for the output voltage is not the sum of both. The maximum increase is the larger of either the remote sense or the trim. The amount of power delivered by the module is defined as the voltage at the output terminals multiplied by the output current. When using remote sense and trim, the output voltage of the module can be increased, which at the same output current, would increase the power output of the module. Care should be taken to ensure that the maximum output power of the module remains at or below the maximum rated power (Maximum rated power = $V_{o,set}$ x $I_{o,max}$).

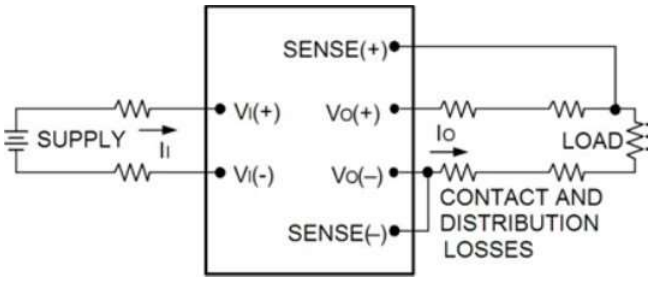


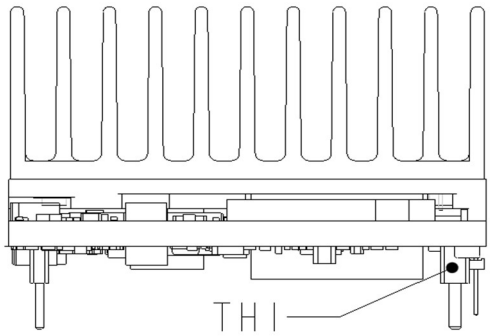
Figure 18. Circuit Configuration for remote sense.

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Thermal Considerations

The power modules operate in a variety of thermal environments and sufficient cooling should be provided to help ensure reliable operation. Thermal considerations include ambient temperature, airflow, module power dissipation, and the need for increased reliability. A reduction in the operating temperature of the module will result in an increase in reliability. Heat - dissipating components are mounted on the top side of the module. Heat is removed by conduction, convection and radiation to the surrounding environment. Proper cooling can be verified by measuring the thermal reference temperature.

Peak temperature occurs at the position indicated in Figure 19. For reliable operation, this temperature should not exceed TH1=95°C any airflow condition. For extremely high reliability you can limit this temperature to a lower value. The output power of the module should not exceed the rated power for the module as listed in the Ordering Information table, or the derated power for the actual operating conditions



as indicated in Figures. 21-22.

Figure 19. Location of the thermal reference temperature TH1 for base plate module with 1 inch height heatsink CC848795914.

Heat Transfer via Convection

The thermal data presented here is based on physical measurements taken in a wind tunnel, using automated thermo-couple instrumentation to monitor key component temperatures: FETs, diodes, control ICs, magnetic cores, ceramic capacitors, opto-isolators, and module PWB conductors, while controlling the ambient airflow rate and temperature. For a given airflow and ambient temperature, the module output power is increased, until one (or more) of the components reaches its maximum derated operating temperature, as defined in IPC-9592B. This procedure is then repeated for a different airflow or ambient temperature until a family of module output derating curves is obtained. Please refer to the Application Note “Thermal Characterization Process

For Open-Frame Board-Mounted Power Modules” for a detailed discussion of thermal aspects including maximum device temperatures.

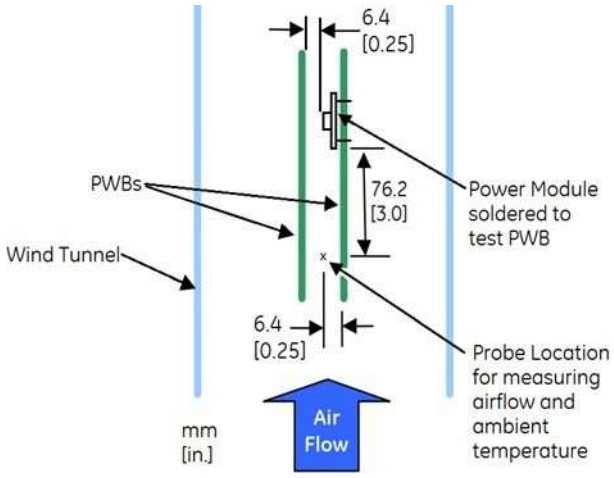


Figure 20. Thermal Test Setup

Increased airflow over the module enhances the heat transfer via convection. The thermal derating of figure 21 and 22 shows the maximum output current that can be delivered by each module in the indicated orientation without exceeding the maximum TH1 temperature versus local ambient temperature (TA) for several air flow conditions.

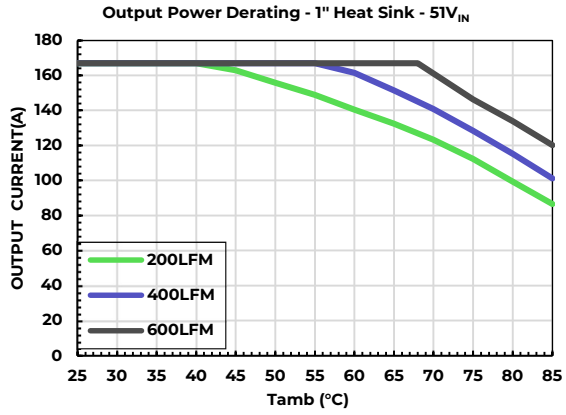


Figure 21. Maximum Output Current Derating for the QODN167A0B base plate module with 1 inch height heatsink; Airflow Direction for V_{IN}+ to V_{IN}-orientation; V_{IN} = 51V.

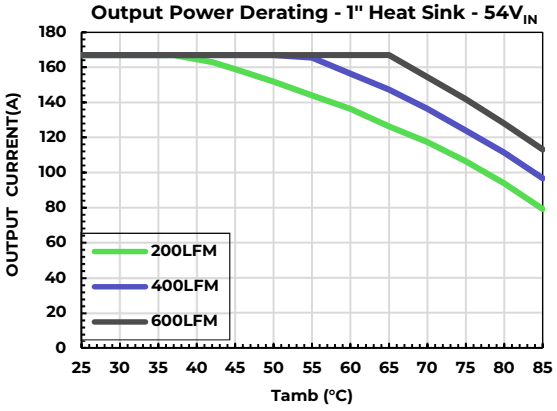


Figure 22. Maximum Output Current Derating for the QODN167A0B base plate module with 1 inch height heatsink; Airflow Direction for V_{IN}+ to V_{IN}- orientation; V_{IN} = 54V.

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Layout Considerations

The QODN167A0B power module series are low profile in order to be used in fine pitch system card architectures. As such, component clearance between the bottom of the power module and the mounting board is limited. Avoid placing copper areas on the outer layer directly underneath the power module. Also avoid placing via interconnects underneath the power module.

For additional layout guidelines, refer to FLT012A0Z Preliminary Data Sheet.

Through-Hole Lead-Free Soldering Information

The RoHS-compliant, Z version, through-hole products use the SAC (Sn/Ag/Cu) Pb-free solder and RoHS- compliant components. The module is designed to be processed through single or dual wave soldering machines. The pins have a RoHS-compliant, pure tin finish that is compatible with both Pb and Pb -free wave soldering processes. A maximum preheats rate of 3°C/s is suggested. The wave preheat process should be such that the temperature of the power module board is kept below 210°C. For Pb solder, the recommended pot temperature is 260°C, while the Pb -free solder pot is 270°C max.

Reflow Soldering

The base plate version(-H) RoHS-compliant through-hole products can be processed with the following pin -in-paste (paste-in-hole) Pb or Pb-free reflow process.

Max. sustain temperature:

245°C (J-STD-020C Table 4-2: Packaging Thickness>=2.5mm / Volume > 2000mm3),

Peak temperature over 245°C is not suggested due to the potential reliability risk of components under continuous high-temperature.

Sustain duration above 217°C : 30~90 seconds
Max. sustain duration above 180°C : 150 seconds
Max. heat up rate: 3°C /sec
Max. cool down rate: 4°C /sec

In compliance with JEDEC J-STD-020C spec for 2 times reflow requirement.

Pb-free Reflow Profile

BMP module will comply with JEDEC J-STD-020 Rev. D (Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for

Non-hermetic Solid-State Surface Mount Devices) for both Pb-free solder profiles and MSL classification procedures.

BMP will comply with J-STD-020C specification for reflow up to 3 times. When removing a module, using localized hot air counts as one reflow, but using a solder pot instead to heat the pins does not count as a reflow.

The suggested Pb-free solder paste is Sn/Ag/Cu (SAC). The recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder is shown in Figure 23.

MSL Rating

The QODN167A0B base plate modules have a MSL rating as indicated in the Device Codes table, last page of this document.

Storage and Handling

The recommended storage environment and handling procedures for moisture-sensitive surface mount packages is detailed in J-STD-033 Rev. A (Handling, Packing, Shipping and Use of Moisture/ Reflow Sensitive Surface Mount Devices). Moisture barrier bags (MBB) with desiccant are required for MSL ratings of 2 or greater. These sealed packages should not be broken until time of use. Once the original package is broken, the floor life of the product at conditions of ≤30°C and 60% relative humidity varies according to the MSL rating (see J-STD-060A). The shelf life for dry packed SMT packages will be a minimum of 12 months from the bag seal date, when stored at the following conditions: < 40°C, < 90% relative humidity.

Post Solder Cleaning and Drying

Post solder cleaning is usually the final circuit board assembly process prior to electrical board testing. The result of inadequate cleaning and drying can affect both the reliability of a power module and the testability of the finished circuit board assembly. For guidance on appropriate soldering, cleaning and drying procedures, refer to OmniOn Power™ Board Mounted Power Modules: Soldering and Cleaning Application Note (AN04-001).

If additional information is needed, please consult with your OmniOn Power™ Sales representative for more details.

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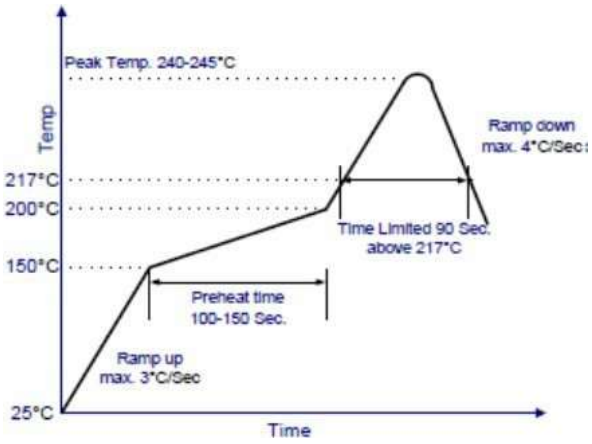


Figure 23. Recommended linear reflow profile using Sn/Ag/Cu solder.

Digital Feature Descriptions

PMBus Interface Capability

The QODN167A0B series is equipped with a digital PMBus interface to allow the module to be configured and communicate with system controllers. Detailed timing and electrical characteristics of the PMBus can be found in the PMB Power Management Protocol Specification, Part 1, revision 1.2, available at **http://pmbus.org**. The QODN167A0B supports both the 100kHz and 400kHz bus timing requirements. The QODN167A0B shall stretch the clock, as long as it does not exceed the maximum clock LO period of 35ms. The power module will check the Packet Error Checking scheme (PEC) byte, if provided by the PMBus master, and include a PEC byte in all responses to the master.

The power module supports a subset of the commands in the PMBus 1.2 specification. Most all of the controller parameters can be programmed using the PMBus and stored as defaults for later use. All commands that require data input or output use the linear format. The exponent of the data words is fixed at a reasonable value for the command and altering the exponent is not supported. Direct format data input or output is not supported by the power module. The supported commands are described in greater detail below.

The power module contains non-volatile memory that is used to store configuration settings and scale factors. The settings programmed into the device are not automatically saved into this non-volatile memory though. The STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command must be used to commit the current settings to non-volatile memory as device defaults. The settings that are capable of being stored in non-volatile memory are noted in their detailed descriptions.

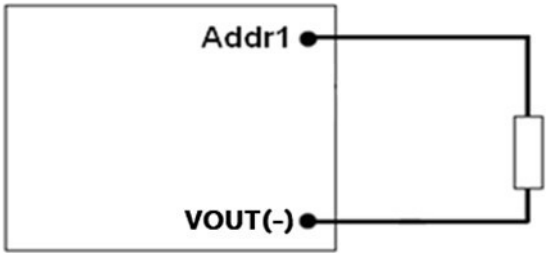
SMBALERT Interface Capability

The power module also supports the SMBALERT response protocol. The SMBALERT response protocol is a mechanism through which the power module can alert the PMBus master that it has an active status or alarm condition via pulling the SMBALERT pin to an active low. The master processes this condition, and simultaneously addresses all slaves on the PMBus through the Alert Response Address. Only the slave(s) that caused the alert (and that support the protocol) acknowledges this request. The master performs a modified receive byte operation to get the slave's address. At this point, the master can use the PMBus status commands to query the slave that caused the alert. Note: The power module can only respond to a single address at any given time. Therefore, the factory default state for the power module is to retain it's resistor programmed address, when it is in an ALERT active condition, and not respond to the ARA. This allows master systems, which do not support ARA, to continue to communicate with the slave power module using the programmed address and using the various READ_STATUS commands to determine the cause for the SMBALERT. The CLEAR_FAULTS command will retire the active SMBALERT. The power module does not contain capability to arbitrate data bus contention caused by multiple modules responding to the modified received byte operation. Therefore, when the ARA is used in a multiple module PMBus application, it is necessary to have the power module at the lowest programmed address in order for the host to properly determine all modules' address that are associated with an active SMBAlert. Please contact your OmniOn Power™ sales representative for further assistance, and for more information on the SMBus alert response protocol, see the System Management Bus (SMBus) specification.

PMBus Addressing

The power module has flexible PMBUS addressing capability. By connecting different resistors from Addr1 pin to V_{OUT}(-) pin, 14 possible addresses can be acquired. The 7 bit PMBUS address is defined by the value of the resistor as shown in the table below, and +/-1% resistor accuracy is acceptable. If there is any resistance exceeding the requested range, address 127 will be returned. The address in table below is in decimal.

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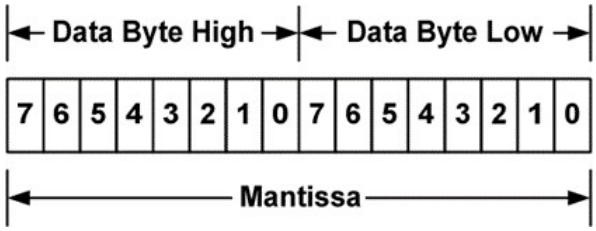
PMBUS address	Resistor (Kohm)
96	10
97	15
98	21
99	28
100	35.7
101	45.3
102	56.2
103	69.8
104	88.7
105	107
106	130
107	158
108	191
109	232

Figure 21. Circuit showing connection of resistors used to set the PMBus address of the module.

The user must know which I²C addresses are reserved in a system for special functions and set the address of the module to avoid interfering with other system operations. Both 100kHz and 400kHz bus speeds are supported by the module. Connection for the PMBus interface should follow the High Power DC specifications given in section 3.1.3 in the SMBus specification V2.0 for the 400kHz bus speed or the Low Power DC specifications in section 3.1.2. The complete SMBus specification is available from the SMBus web site, **http://smbus.org**.

PMBus Data Formats

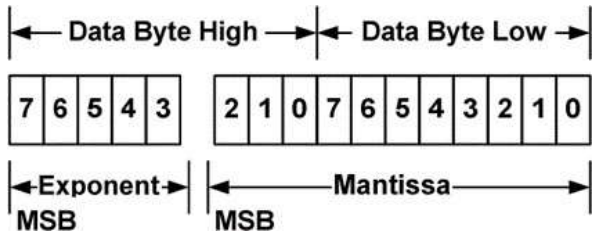
For commands that set or report any voltage thresholds related to output voltage (including VOUT_COMMAND, VOUT_MARGIN), the module supports the "V_{OUT} linear" data format consisting of a two byte value with a 16-bit, unsigned mantissa, and a fixed exponent of -12. The format of the two data bytes is shown below:



The value of the number is then given by

$$\text{Value} = \text{Mantissa} \times 2^{-12}$$

For commands that set all other thresholds, voltages or report such quantities, the module supports the "linear" data format consisting of a two byte value with an 11-bit, two's complement mantissa and a 5-bit, two's complement exponent. The format of the two data bytes is shown below:



The value is of the number is then given by

$$\text{Value} = \text{Mantissa} \times 2^{\text{Exponent}}$$

For both formats, the "low" byte is transmitted first according to the PMBus and SMBus specifications.

Write Protection

Write protection is enabled by default, to prevent accidentally changing settings. The MFR_DEVICE_TYPE (0xD0) command is used to disable or enable write protection as described below. To keep changes beyond the next removal of input voltage, the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL (0x11) command is used to save all settings to non-volatile memory.

PMBus Enabled On/Off

The module can also be turned On and Off via the PMBus interface using the OPERATION command, while an ON_OFF_CONFIG setting determines whether the module responds to this command.

The "ON" bit [7] in the OPERATION command data byte enables the module as follows:

0	:	Output is disabled
1	:	Output is enabled (default)

The "CMD" bit [3] in the ON_OFF_CONFIG data byte controls how the device responds to the ON bit:

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Bit Value	Action
0	Module ignores the ON bit in the OPERATION command; control is by the On/Off pin only.
1	Module responds to the ON bit in the OPERATION command (default)

All other bits in the ON_OFF_CONFIG data byte are fixed at 1.

In summary, to turn On the module output, the ON/OFF pin must be set to On according to the On/Off logic indicated in the product code, e.g., connected to the V_{IN}(-) rail for module option 1 (=Negative logic).

Then if CMD=1, the ON bit of the OPERATION command may be used to turn the module off & on as long as the ON/OFF pin is set to On.

PMBus Adjustable Input Undervoltage Lockout

The module allows adjustment of the input under voltage lockout and hysteresis. The command VIN_ON allows setting the input voltage turn on threshold, while the VIN_OFF command sets the input voltage turn off threshold. For both the VIN_ON and VIN_OFF commands, possible values in 0.125V steps are specified below. VIN_ON must be 2.000V greater than VIN_OFF.

Both the VIN_ON and VIN_OFF commands use the "Linear" format with two data bytes. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at –3 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa, with the 11th bit fixed at zero since only positive numbers are valid. The data associated with VIN_ON and VIN_OFF can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command.

PMBus Adjustable Soft Start Delay and Rise Time

The soft start delay and rise time can be adjusted in the module via PMBus. The TON_DELAY command sets the delay time in ms, and allows choosing delay times between 10ms and 500ms, with resolution of 0.5ms. The TON_RISE command sets the rise time in ms, and allows choosing soft start times between 15ms and 500ms, with resolution of 0.5ms. When setting TON_RISE, make sure that the charging current for output capacitors can be delivered by the module in addition to any load current to avoid nuisance tripping of the overcurrent protection circuitry during startup. Both the TON_RISE and TON_DELAY commands use the "Linear" format with two data bytes. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at –1 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa, with the 11th bit fixed at zero since only positive numbers are valid. The data associated with TON_RISE and TON_DELAY can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command.

Output Voltage Adjustment Using the PMBus

The power module output voltage set point is adjusted using the VOUT_COMMAND. The output voltage setting uses the Linear data format, with the 16 bits of the VOUT_COMMAND formatted as an unsigned mantissa, and a fixed exponent of -12 (decimal) (read from VOUT_MODE).

$$V_{OUT} = \text{Mantissa} \times 2^{-12}$$

The range limits for VOUT_COMMAND are 9.50V to 12.50V, and the resolution is 0.244mV.
The data associated with VOUT_COMMAND can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command.

Output Voltage Margining Using the PMBus

The power module can also have its output voltage margined via PMBus commands. The command VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH sets the margin high voltage, while the command VOUT_MARGIN_LOW sets the margin low voltage. Both the VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH and VOUT_MARGIN_LOW commands use the "Linear" mode with the exponent fixed at –12 (decimal). The data associated with VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH and VOUT_MARGIN_LOW can be stored to non-volatile memory using the STORE_DEFAULT_ALL command.

The module is commanded to go to the margined high or low voltages using the OPERATION command. Bits [5:2] are used to enable margining as follows:

00XX	:	Margin Off
0110	:	Margin Low (Act on Fault)
1010	:	Margin High (Act on Fault)

Measuring Output Voltage Using the PMBus

The module can provide output voltage information using the READ_VOUT command. The command returns two bytes of data in the linear format, with the 16 bits of the READ_VOUT formatted as an unsigned mantissa, and a fixed exponent of -12 (decimal).

During module manufacture, an offset correction value is written into the non-volatile memory of the module to null errors in the tolerance and A/D conversion of V_{OUT}. The command MFR_VOUT_READ_CAL_OFFSET can be used to read the offset - two bytes consisting of a signed 16-bit mantissa in two's complement format, using a fixed exponent of -12 (decimal). The resolution is 0.244mV. The corrected Output voltage reading is then given by:

$$V_{OUT}(\text{Read}) = V_{OUT}(\text{A/D}) + \text{MFR_VOUT}$$

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Measuring Input Voltage Using the PMBus

The module can provide input voltage information using the READ_VIN command. The command returns two bytes of data in the linear format. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at –3 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa, with the 11th bit fixed at zero since only positive numbers are valid.

During module manufacture, offset and gain correction values are written into the non-volatile memory of the module to null errors in the tolerance and A/D conversion of V_{IN}. The command MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_OFFSET can be used to read the offset - two bytes consisting of a five-bit exponent (fixed at -3) and a 11-bit mantissa in two's complement format. The resolution is 125mV. The command MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_GAIN can be used to read the gain correction - two bytes consisting of a unsigned 16 bit number. The resolution of this correction factor 0.000122. The corrected input voltage reading is then given by:

V_{IN}(Read) =

[V_{IN}(A/D) x (MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_GAIN / 8192)] + MFR_VIN_READ_CAL_OFFSET

Measuring Output Current Using the PMBus

The module measures output current by using the output filter inductor winding resistance as a current sense element. The module can provide output current information using the READ_IOUT command. The command returns two bytes of data in the linear format. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the

exponent, which is fixed at –3 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa, with the 11th bit fixed at zero since only positive numbers are valid. Output current readings are blanked below 20A.

During module manufacture, offset and gain correction values are written into the non-volatile memory of the module to null errors in the tolerance and A/D conversion of I_{OUT}. The command MFR_IOUT_CAL_OFFSET can be used to read the offset - two bytes consisting of a five-bit exponent (fixed at -3) and a 11-bit mantissa in two's complement format. The resolution is 125mA. The command MFR_IOUT_CAL_GAIN can be used to read the gain correction - two bytes consisting of a unsigned 16 bit number. The resolution of this correction factor 0.000122. The READ_IOUT command provides module average output current information. This command only supports positive current sourced from the module. If the converter is sinking current a reading of 0 is provided.

I_{OUT}(Read) =

[I_{OUT}(A/D) x (MFR_IOUT_CAL_GAIN / 8192)]

+ MFR_IOUT_CAL_OFFSET

Note that the current reading provided by the module is corrected for temperature.

Measuring the Temperature using the PMBus

The module can provide temperature information using the READ_TEMPERATURE_1 command. The command returns two bytes of data in the linear format. The upper five bits [7:3] of the high data byte form the two's complement representation of the exponent, which is fixed at –2 (decimal). The remaining 11 bits are used for two's complement representation of the mantissa.

Note that the module's temperature sensor is located close to the module hot spot TH1 (see Thermal Considerations) and is subjected to temperatures higher than the ambient air temperature near the module. The temperature reading will be highly influenced by module load and airflow conditions.

Reading the Status of the Module using the PMBus

The module supports a number of status information commands implemented in PMBus. However, not all features are supported in these commands. A X in the FLAG cell indicates the bit is not supported.

STATUS_WORD : Returns two bytes of information with a summary of the module's fault/warning conditions.

High Byte

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
15	VOUT fault	0
14	IOUT fault or warning	0
13	Input Voltage fault	0
12	X	0
11	POWER_GOOD# (is negated)	0
10	X	0
9	X	0
8	X	0

Low Byte

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	X	0
6	OFF	0
5	VOUT Overvoltage	0
4	IOUT Overcurrent	0
3	VIN Undervoltage	0
2	Temperature	0
1	CML (Comm. Memory Fault)	0
0	X	0

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STATUS_VOUT : Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's output voltage related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	VOUT OV Fault	0
6	X	0
5	X	0
4	VOUT UV Fault	0
Bit Position	**Flag**	**Default Value**
3	X	0
2	X	0
1	X	0
0	X	0

STATUS_IOUT : Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's output current related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	IOUT OC Fault	0
6	X	0
5	IOUT OC Warning	0
4	X	0
3	X	0
2	X	0
1	X	0
0	X	0

STATUS_INPUT : Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's input voltage related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	VIN OV Fault	0
6	X	0
5	X	0
4	VIN UV Fault	0
3	Module Off (Low VIN)	0
2	X	0
1	X	0
0	X	0

STATUS_TEMPERATURE : Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's temperature related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	OT Fault	0
6	OT Warning	0
5	X	0
4	X	0
3	X	0
2	X	0
1	X	0
0	X	0

STATUS_CML : Returns one byte of information relating to the status of the module's communication related faults.

Bit Position	Flag	Default Value
7	Invalid/Unsupported Command	0
6	Invalid/Unsupported Data	0
5	Packet Error Check Failed	0
4	X	0
3	X	0
2	X	0
1	X	0
0	X	0

Black box

There is a black box function realized by D-flash in power module, can record the latest 20 events including status registers, fault time, etc.

Requires 20K erase cycles up to 120°C hotspot temp; Vin UVLO event is not record in black box. Fault time means the time elapse from Vo turn on, unit is second. Each event has the same record content, which is shown below:

Address offset	Content
0	EVENT#
1	Status_Word_High_Byte
2	Status_Word_Low_Byte
3	Status_Vout
4	Status_Iout
5	Status_Input
6	Status_Temperature
7	Status_cml
8	VIN_data_high_byte
9	VIN_data_low_byte
10	Vout_data_high_byte
11	Vout_data_low_byte
12	Iout_data_high_byte
13	Iout_data_low_byte
14	temperature_data_high_byte
15	temperature_data_low_byte
16	fault_time_first_byte
17	fault_time_second_byte
18	fault_time_third_byte
19	fault_time_fourth_byte

Please contact OmniOn Power™ representative for details.

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Summary of Supported PMBus Commands

This section outlines the PMBus command support for the QODN167A0B bus converters. Each supported command is outlined in order of increasing command codes with a quick reference table of all supported commands included at the end of the section.

Each command will have the following basic information.

Command Name [Code]

Definition

Data format

Factory default

Additional information may be provided if necessary.

OPERATION (0x01)

Command support: On/Off Immediate and Margins (Act on Fault). Soft off with sequencing not supported and Margins (Ignore Fault) not supported. Therefore bits 6, 3, 2, 1 and 0 set as read only at factory defaults.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r/w	r	r/w	r/w	r	r	r	r
Function	ON/OFF		Bits[5:4]		Bits[3:2]		N/A	
Default Value	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

ON_OFF_CONFIG (0x02)

Command support: Bit 1 polarity will be set based upon module code [0=Negative on/off logic, 1=positive on/off] logic to allow customer system to know hardware on/off logic.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Function	(reserved)			Bit 4 pu	Bit 3 cmd	Bit 2 cpr	Bit 1 pol	Bit 0 cpa
Default Value	0	0	0	1	1	1	module code	1

CLEAR_FAULTS (0x03)

Command support: All functionality

WRITE_PROTECT (0x10)

Command support: All functionality

STORE_DEFAULT_ALL (0x11)

Command support: All functionality – Stores operating parameters to EEPROM memory.

Command requires ≤ 500ms to execute. Delay any additional commands to module for sufficient time to complete execution.

RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL (0x12)

Command support: All functionality – Restores operating parameters from EEPROM memory.

Command requires ≤ 500ms to execute. Delay any additional commands to module for sufficient time to complete execution.

CAPABILITY [0x19]

Command support: This command provides a way for a host system to determine some key capabilities of a PMBus device.

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VOUT_MODE [0x20]

Command support: Supported. Factory default: 0x14 – indicates linear mode with exp = -12.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Function	Mode (linear)			2's complement exponent				
Default Value	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0

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VOUT_COMMAND [0x21]

Data format: 16 bit unsigned mantissa (implied exponent per VOUT_MODE)

Factory default: 12.000V (12.00/2-12 → 49,152 = 0xC000) [standard code]

Range limits (max/min): 12.500/9.500V

Units: volt

Command support: Supported

VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH [0x25]

Range limits (max/min): 13.300/8.200V

Units: volt

Command support: read/write support, full functionality except “Ignore faults”.

Note: Range cross-check - value must be greater than VOUT_MARGIN_LOW value.

VOUT_MARGIN_LOW [0x26]

Range limits (max/min): 13.200/8.100V

Units: volt

Command support: read/write support, full functionality except “Ignore faults”.

Note: Range cross-check - value must be less than VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH value.

VOUT_DROOP [0x28]

Range limits (max/min): 5.0/0

Units: mV/A

Command support: All functionality

VIN_ON [0x35]

Range limits (max/min): 49/35

Units: volt

Command support: All functionality

Note: Special interlock checks between VIN_ON and VIN_OFF maintain a hysteresis gap of 2V minimum and do not allow the OFF level to be higher than and ON level.

VIN_OFF [0x36]

Range limits (max/min): 46/32

Units: volt

Command support: All functionality

Note: Special interlock checks between VIN_ON and VIN_OFF maintain a hysteresis gap of 2V minimum and do not allow the OFF level to be higher than and ON level.

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VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT [0x40]

Range limits (max/min): 15.99/10.9 (See note 2)

Units: volt

Command support: All functionality

Note:

1. Range cross- check – value must be greater than VOUT_COMMAND value.
2. The maximum OV Fault Limit equals the output set point plus 2V, up to 15.99V. This is an automatic module protection feature that will override a user-set fault limit if the user limit is set too high.

VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE [0x41]

Command support:

- Response settings (bits RSP0:1) – only a setting of 10, unit shuts down and responds according to the retry settings below, is supported.
- Retry settings (bits RS0:2) – only settings of 000 (unit does not attempt to restart on fault) and 111 unit continuously restarts (normal startup) while fault is present until commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shutdown.
- Delay time setting (bits 0-2) – only DT0:2 = 0 (no delay) supported.

Default Settings: The default settings for the VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE command are;

- The unit auto restarts in response to a VOUT over voltage condition.
- The auto restarts interval is set to 4 seconds.
- Whether the default protection mode should be set or not depends on definition in module code.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	r
Function	RSP[1]	RSP[0]	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	DT[2]	DT[1]	DT[0]
Default Value	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0

IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT [0x46]

Range limits (max/min): 220/50

Units: amp

Command support: All functionality

Note: Range cross-check – value must be greater than IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT value.

IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE [0x47]

Command support:

- Response settings (bits RSP0:1) – only settings of 11, unit shuts down and responds according to the retry settings below, is supported.
- Retry settings (bits RS0:2) – only settings of 000 (unit does not attempt to restart on fault) and 111 unit continuously restarts (normal startup) while fault is present until commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shutdown.
- Delay time setting (bits 0-2) – only DT0:2 = 0 (no delay) supported.

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Default Settings: The default settings for the IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE command are;

- The unit auto restarts in response to an IOUT over current condition.
- The auto restarts interval is set to 4 seconds.
- Whether the default protection mode should be set or not depends on definition in module code.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	r
Function	RSP[1]	RSP[0]	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	DT[2]	DT[1]	DT[0]
Default Value	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0

IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT [0x4A]

Range limits (max/min): 200/25

Units: amp

Command support: read/write support, functionality complete

Note: Range cross-check – value must be less than IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT value.

OT_FAULT_LIMIT [0x4F]

Range limits (max/min): 130/26

Units: degrees C.

Command support: All functionality

Note: Range cross-check – value must be greater than OT_WARN_LIMIT value.

OT_FAULT_RESPONSE [0x50]

Command support:

- Response settings (bits RSP0:1) – only setting of 10, unit shuts down and responds according to the retry settings below.
- Retry settings (bits RS0:2) – only settings of 000 (unit does not attempt to restart on fault) and 111 unit continuously restarts (normal startup) while fault is present until commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shutdown.
- Delay time setting (bits 0-2) – only DT0:2 = 0 (no delay) supported.

Default Settings: The default settings for the OT_FAULT_RESPONSE command are;

- The unit shuts down in response to an over-temperature condition.
- The unit will continuously restart (normal startup) while the over-temperature condition is present until it is commanded off, bias power is removed or another fault condition causes the unit to shutdown.
- The shutdown delay is set to 0 delay cycles.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r	r	r/w	r/w	r/w	r	r	r
Function	RSP[1]	RSP[0]	RS[2]	RS[1]	RS[0]	DT[2]	DT[1]	DT[0]
Default Value	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0

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OT_WARN_LIMIT [0x51]

Range limits (max/min): 125/25

Units: degrees C.

Command support: All functionality

Note: Range cross-check – value must be less than OT_FAULT_LIMIT value.

VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT [0x55]

Range limits (max/min): 65/48

Units: volt

Command support: All functionality

POWER_GOOD_ON [0x5E]

Range limits (max/min): 11.7/9.2

Units: volt

Command support: full support

Note: Range cross-check – value must be greater than POWER_GOOD_OFF value by 0.5V.

POWER_GOOD_OFF [0x5F]

Range limits (max/min): 10.1/7.6

Units: volt

Command support: full support

Note: Range cross-check – value must be less than POWER_GOOD_ON value by 0.5V.

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TON_DELAY [0x60]

Range limits (max/min): 500/0

Units: milliseconds

Command support: full support

TON_RISE [0x61]

Range limits (max/min): 500/12

Units: milliseconds

Command support: full support

STATUS_WORD [0x79]

Command support: full implementation for supported functions.
(note: Fans, MFR_SPECIFIC, Unknown not supported).

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Function	VOUT	I/POUT	INPUT	x	#PWR_ GOOD	x	x	x

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Function	x	OUTPUT _OFF	VOUT_ OV_FAULT	IOUT_OC _FAULT	VIN_UV _FAULT	TEMP	CML	x

STATUS_VOUT [0x7A]

Command support: VOUT_OV_FAULT support, all bit reset supported.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r/reset(1)	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset
Function	VOUT_OV _FAULT	x	x	VOUT_ UV_FAULT	x	x	x	x

STATUS_IOUT [0x7B]

Command support: IOUT_OC_FAULT support, all bit reset supported.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r/ reset(1)	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset
Function	IOUT_OC _FAULT	x	IOUT_OC _WARN	x	x	x	x	x

STATUS_INPUT [0x7C]

Command support: VIN_OV_FAULT support, all bit reset supported.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r/ reset(1)	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset
Function	VIN_OV _FAULT	x	x	VIN_UV _FAULT	Unit Off (low input voltage)	x	x	x

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STATUS_TEMPERATURE [0x7D]

Command support: OT_WARN, OT_FAULT supported, all bit reset supported.

Forma	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r/ reset(1)	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset
Function	OT_ FAULT	OT_ WARN	x	x	x	x	x	x

STATUS_CML [0x7E]

Command support: PEC_FAULT, INVALID_DATA, INVALID_CMD supported, all bit reset supported.

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r/ reset(1)	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset	r/ reset
Function	INVALID CMD	INVALID DATA	PEC FAILED	x	x	x	x	x

READ_VIN [0x88]

Command support: full support

READ_VOUT [0x8B]

Command support: full support

READ_IOUT [0x8C]

Command support: full support

READ_TEMP1 [0x8D]

Command support: full support

PMBUS_REVISION [0x98]

Command support: full support

*See Table below:

Format	8 bit unsigned (bit field)							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r
Function	Part I Revision			Part II Revision				
Default Value	0	0	1	reserved	0	0	1	0

PMBus Revision Data Byte Contents				
Bits [7:5]	**Part I Revision**	**Bit [4]**	**Bits [3:0]**	**Part II Revision**
000	1.0	Not used	0000	1.0
001	1.1	Not used	0001	1.1
010	1.2	Not used	0010	1.2

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MFR_DEVICE_TYPE [0xD0]

Command support: partial support in place (Mod Name)

Format	Unsigned Binary															
Bit Pos.	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w	r/w
Function	Reserved								Module Name						WPE	Res
Default	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0

Byt	Bit	Description	Value	Meaning
High Byte	7:1	Reserved		
	0	Module Name1	1xxxxx	Module Name
Low Byte	7:2	Module Name0	1xxxxx	Module Name
	1	WPE	0	Write Protect Enable not active.
			1	Write Protect Enable active.
	0	Reserved	0	Reserved

1. Present module designations (Non-isolated units will have a 0XXXXX format)
    - QODN167A0Bxxx: 1010011

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MFR_FW_REV [0xDB]

Range limits (max/min): 9999/0000

Units: N/A

Command support: full read support

Format: 4 hex characters: Major revision, Minor revision, Build high, Build low (0xMj.Mn.Bh.Bl)

Example: 0x1218 indicates firmware revision 1.2.1.8.

MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY [0xE2]

Command support: full support (bit 0) as follows:

Bit 0: 0 = Negative PGOOD logic (module PGOOD asserted when pin is LO, PGOOD de-asserted when pin is HI)

1 = Positive PGOOD logic (module PGOOD de-asserted when pin is LO, PGOOD asserted when pin is HI)

Command	MFR_PGOOD_POLARITY							
Format	**8 bit unsigned (bit field)**							
Bit Position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Access	r	r	r	r	r	r	r	r/w
Function	Reserved							logic
Default Value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

MFR_MOD_DATE_LOC_SN [0xF0]

Command support: read support for 12 byte block, lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE

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PMBus Command Quick Reference Table

PMBUS CMD	CMD CODE	DATA BYTES	DATA FORMAT	DATA UNITS	TRANSFER TYPE*	DEFAULT VALUE
OPERATION	0x01	1	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0x88
ON_OFF_CONFIG	0x02	1	Bit field	N/A	Read byte	0x1D (Neg Logic)
CLEAR_FAULTS	0x03	0	N/A	N/A	Send byte	none
WRITE_PROTECT	0x10	1	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0x00
STORE_DEFAULT_ALL	0x11	0	N/A	N/A	Send byte	none
RESTORE_DEFAULT_ALL	0x12	0	N/A	N/A	Send byte	none
CAPABILITY	0x19	1	Bit field	N/A	Read byte	0xB0
VOUT_MODE	0x20	1	mode + exp	N/A	Read byte	0x14
VOUT_COMMAND	0x21	2	VOUT linear	Volts	R/W word	12.0V (Std code)
VOUT_CAL_OFFSET	0x23	2	VOUT linear	Volts	R/W word	MS
VOUT_MARGIN_HIGH	0x25	2	VOUT linear	Volts	R/W word	12.000V
VOUT_MARGIN_LOW	0x26	2	VOUT linear	Volts	R/W word	11.400V
VOUT_DROOP	0x28	2	linear	mV/A	R/W word	0 (without –A) 2.2 (with –A)
VIN_ON	0x35	2	linear	V	R/W word	37V
VIN_OFF	0x36	2	linear	V	R/W word	35V
VOUT_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	0x40	2	VOUT linear	V	R/W word	14V
VOUT_OV_FAULT_RESPONSE	0x41	1	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0xB8
IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT	0x46	2	linear	Amps	R/W word	210A
IOUT_OC_FAULT_RESPONSE	0x47	1	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0xF8
IOUT_OC_WARN_LIMIT	0x4A	2	linear	Amps	R/W word	200A
OT_FAULT_LIMIT	0x4F	2	linear	Deg. C	R/W word	125C
OT_FAULT_RESPONSE	0x50	1	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0xB8
OT_WARN_LIMIT	0x51	2	linear	Deg. C	R/W word	116C
VIN_OV_FAULT_LIMIT	0x55	2	linear	V	R/W word	63V
POWER_GOOD_ON	0x5E	2	VOUT linear	V	R/W word	11.4
POWER_GOOD_OFF	0x5F	2	VOUT linear	V	R/W word	9.8
TON_DELAY	0x60	2	linear	msec	R/W word	0ms
TON_RISE	0x61	2	linear	msec	R/W word	25ms
STATUS_WORD	0x79	2	Bit field	N/A	Read word	N/A
STATUS_VOUT	0x7A	1	Bit field	N/A	Read byte	N/A
STATUS_IOUT	0x7B	1	Bit field	N/A	Read byte	N/A
STATUS_INPUT	0x7C	1	Bit field	N/A	Read byte	N/A
STATUS_TEMPERATURE	0x7D	1	Bit field	N/A	Read byte	N/A
STATUS_CML	0x7E	1	Bit field	N/A	Read byte	N/A
READ_VIN	0x88	2	linear	v	Read word	N/A
READ_VOUT	0x8B	2	VOUT linear	v	Read word	N/A
READ_IOUT	0x8C	2	linear	Amps	Read word	N/A
READ_TEMP1	0x8D	2	linear	Deg. C	Read word	N/A
PMBUS_REVISION	0x98	1	Bit Field	n/a	Read byte	0x22
MFR_ID	0x99	5	8-bit char	N/A	Read block	OMPW
MFR_MODEL	0x9A	18	8-bit char	N/A	Read block	N/A
MFR_REVISION	0x9B	8	8-bit char	N/A	Read block	N/A
MFR_LOCATION	0x9C	12	8-bit char	N/A	Read block	N/A
MFR_DATE	0x9D	6	8-bit char	N/A	Read block	N/A
MFR_SERIAL	0x9E	18	8-bit char	N/A	Read block	N/A
MFR_DEVICE_TYPE	0xD0	2	Custom	N/A	R/W word	0x014E

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PMBus Command Quick Reference Table (continued)

PMBUS CMD	CMD CODE	DATA BYTES	DATA FORMAT	DATA UNITS	TRANSFER TYPE*	DEFAULT VALUE
MFR_FW_REV	0xDB	2	16 bit unsigned	N/A	Read byte	Current version
MFR_PGOOD _POLARITY	0xE2	1	Bit field	N/A	R/W byte	0x01
MFR_MOD_DATE_LOC_SN	0xF0	12	8 bit char	N/A	Read byte	MS

*Some Write commands are ignored until Write Protection is disabled using the MFR_DEVICE_TYPE (0xD0) command. These are identified by "lockout per MFR_DEVICE_TYPE" In the preceding detailed command descriptions.

*Customer should not update the fault limit related values before contact OmniOn Power™ FAE.

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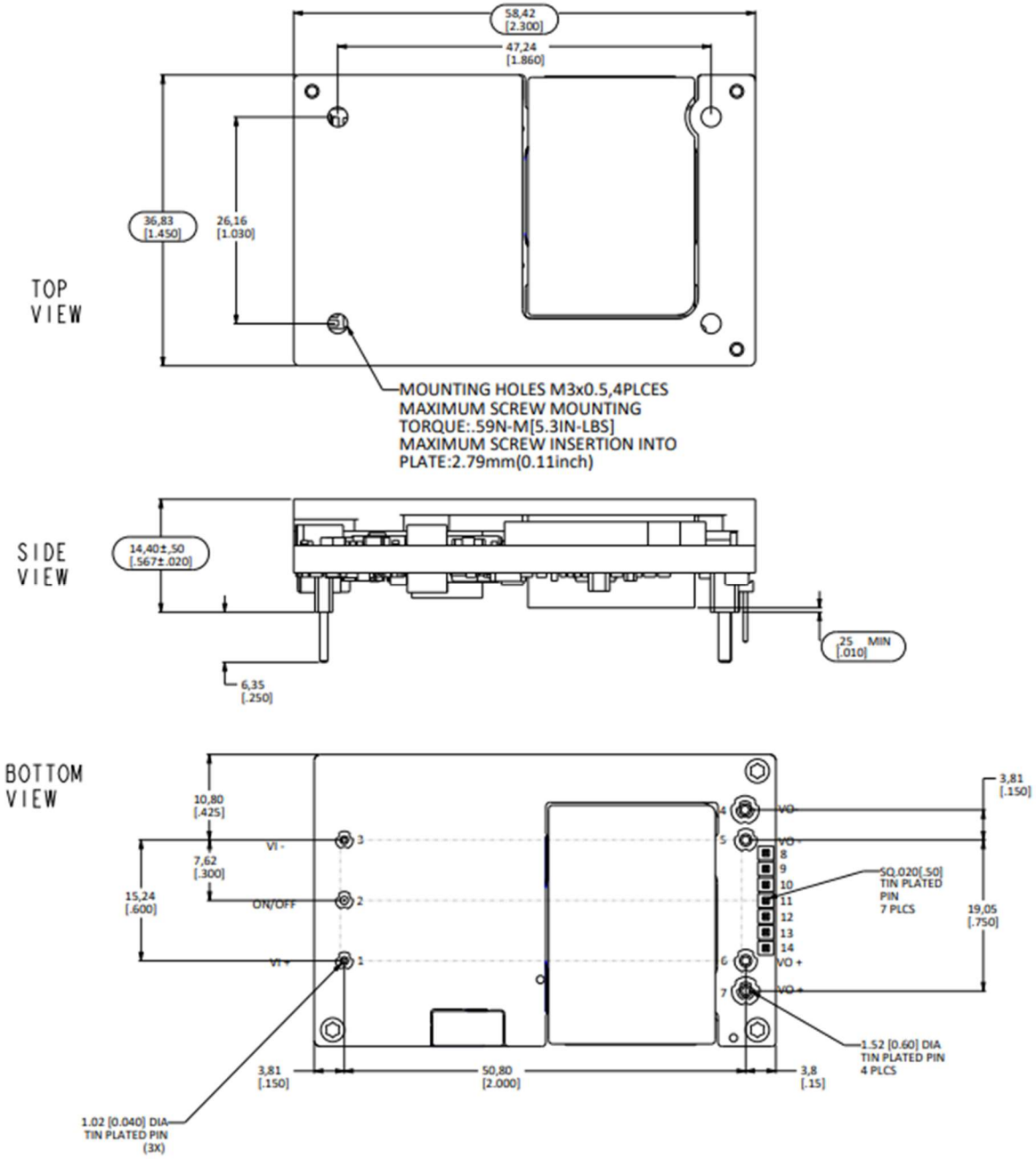
QODN167A0B-HZ Mechanical Outline

Dimensions are in millimeters and [inches].

Tolerances: x.xx mm ± 0.5 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.02 in.] (unless otherwise indicated)

x.xx mm ± 0.25 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.010 in.]

PIN configuration is shown below



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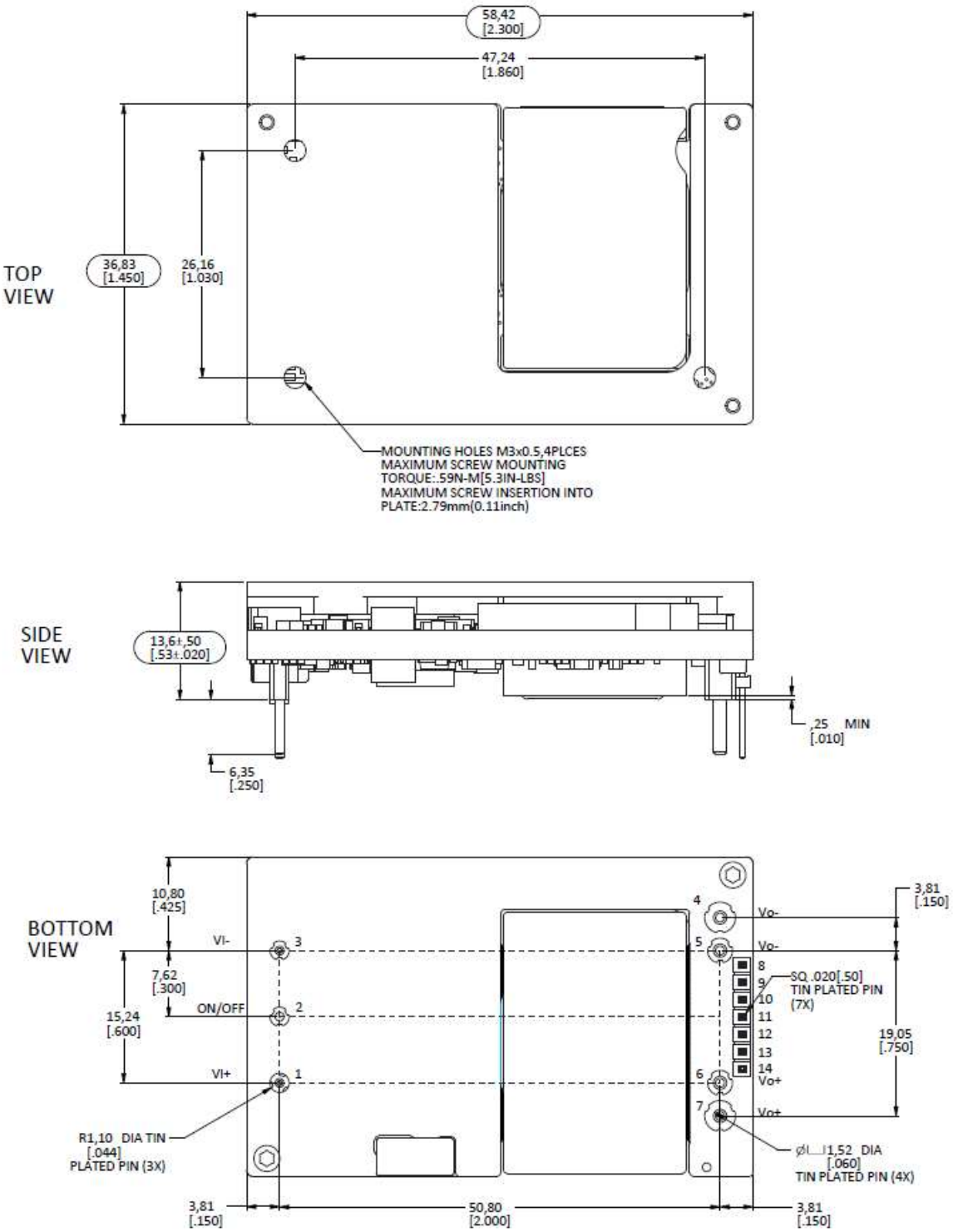
QODN167A0B-81HZ Mechanical Outline (continued)

Dimensions are in millimeters and [inches].

Tolerances: x.xx mm ± 0.5 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.02 in.] (unless otherwise indicated)

x.xx mm ± 0.25 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.010 in.]

PIN configuration is shown below



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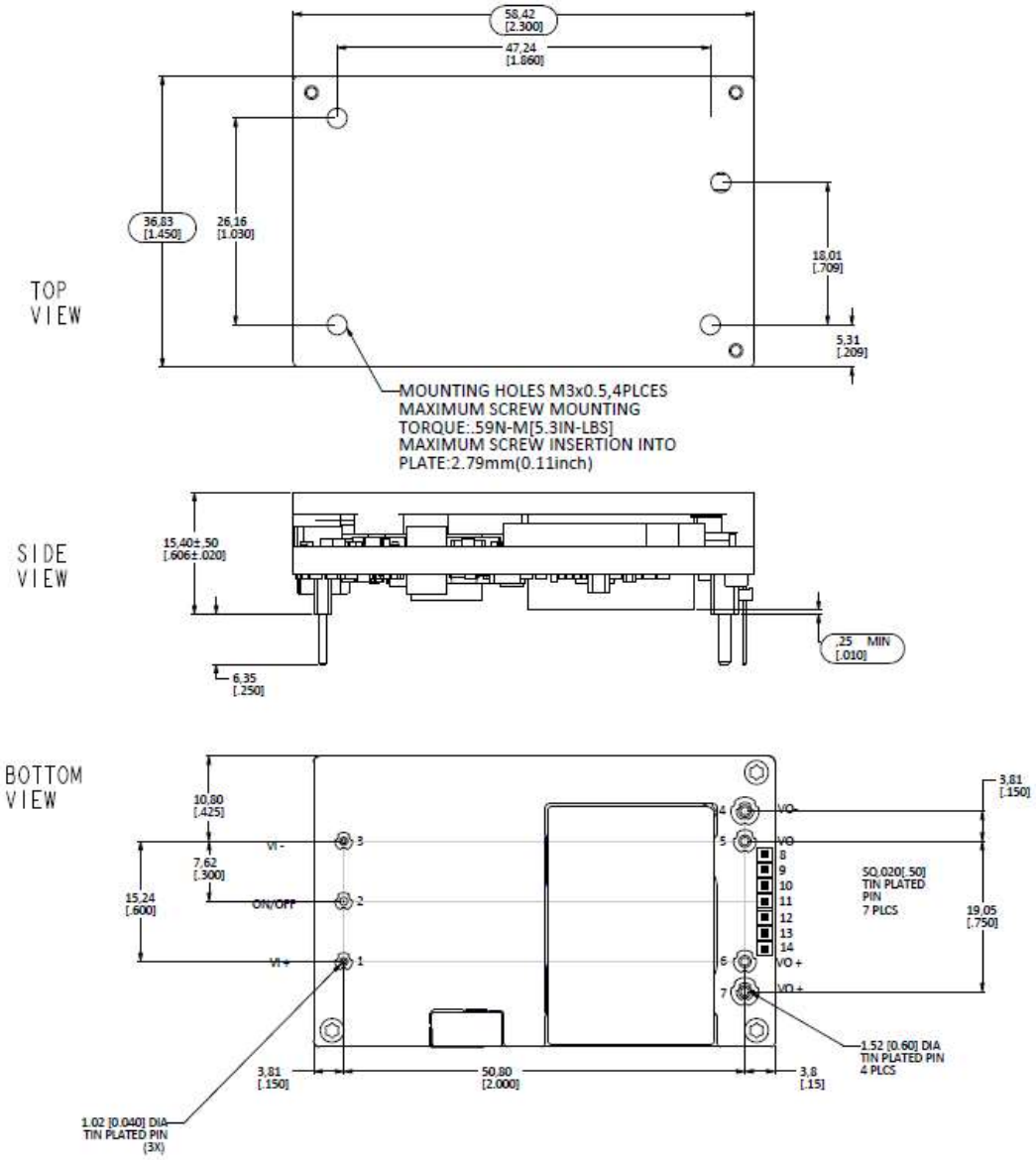
QODN167A0B-82HZ Mechanical Outline (continued)

Dimensions are in millimeters and [inches].

Tolerances: x.xx mm ± 0.5 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.02 in.] (unless otherwise indicated)

x.xx mm ± 0.25 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.010 in.]

PIN configuration is shown below



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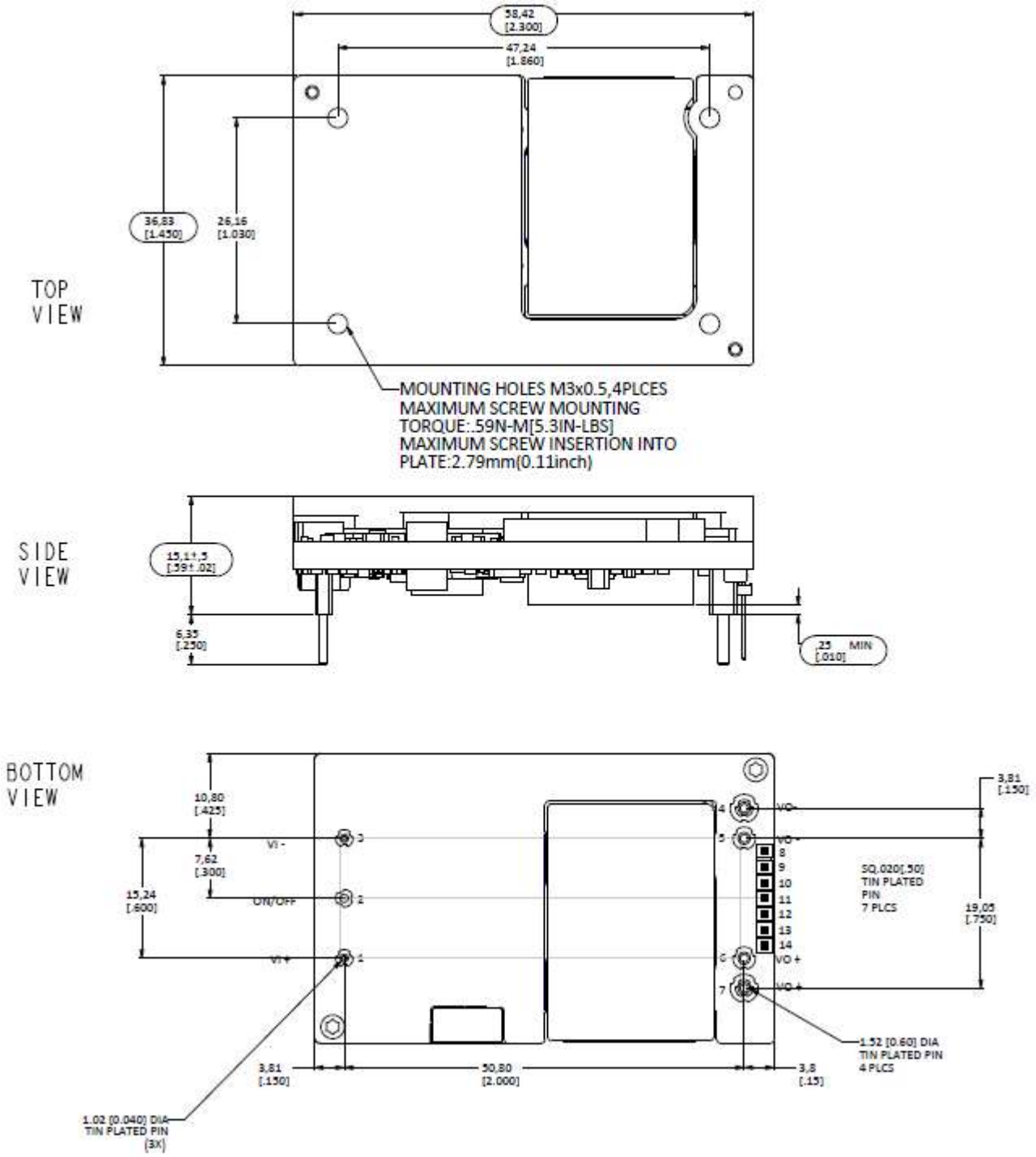
QODN167A0B-83HZ Mechanical Outline (continued)

Dimensions are in millimeters and [inches].

Tolerances: x.xx mm ± 0.5 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.02 in.] (unless otherwise indicated)

x.xx mm ± 0.25 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.010 in.]

PIN configuration is shown below



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Recommended Pad Layouts

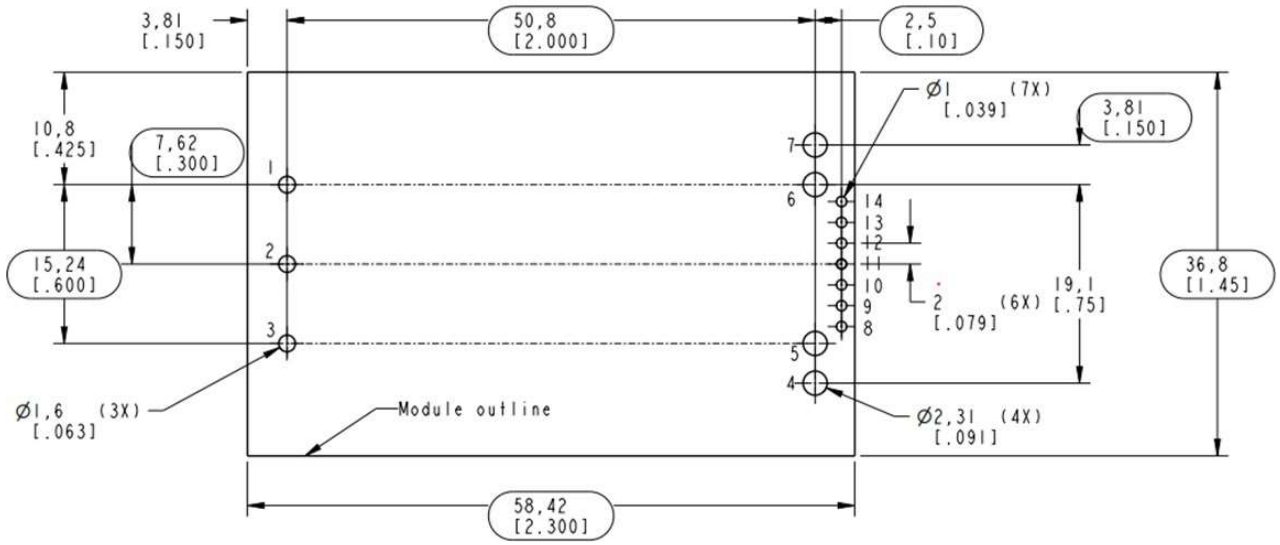
Dimensions are in millimeters and (inches).

Tolerances: x.xx mm ± 0.5 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.02 in.] (unless otherwise indicated)

x.xx mm ± 0.25 mm [x.xx in. ± 0.010 in.]

PIN configuration is shown below

OUTLINE AND RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT-TOP VIEW



Pin Number	Pin Name
1	VIN(+)
2	ON/OFF
3	VIN(-)
4	VOUT(-)
5	VOUT(-)
6	VOUT(+)
7	VOUT(+)
8	PG
9	SIG_GND/SENSE-
10	SDA
11	SALERT
12	SCL
13	ADDR1
14	ISHARE/ SENSE+

Pin Number	Hole Dia mm [in]	Pad Dia mm [in]
1, 2, 3	1.6 [.063]	2.1 [.083]
8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14	1.0 [.039]	1.5 [.059]
4, 5, 6, 7	2.3 [.091]	3.3 [.130]

Note:

- For -A option, the PIN14 is Ishare PIN
- For default or -P option, the PIN14 is SENSE+ PIN
- Heatsink mounting holes: 4 required, M3, 110mil min screw penetration, 3 thread engagement, 5.3 in-lbs. cct protected from metal shavings [c]

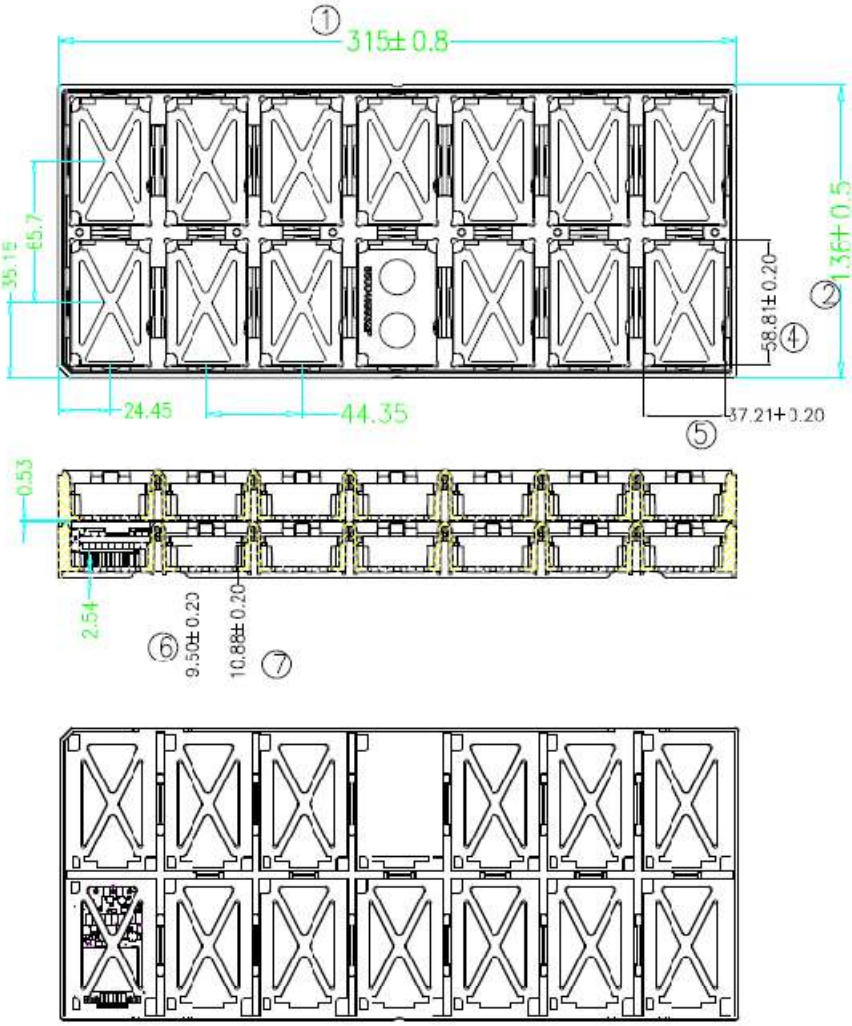
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Packaging Details

QODN167A0B (with base plate) can be supplied with JEDEC standard trays, dry packed and select for pick&place.

Tray Specification

Material	ABS+10%GF
Max surface resistivity	10^{5} -10^{11}Ω/PET
Bakability	Tray cannot be baked
Color	Black
Capacity	14 power modules
Box quantity	28 pcs (1 box of 2 full trays + 1 empty top cover tray)



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QODN167A0B Ordering Information

Table 1: Device Codes

Product Codes	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Connector Type	MSL Rating	Ordering Code
QODN167A0B81-PHZ	54V (40-60V_{DC})	12V	Through hole	2a	1600489975A
QODN167A0B41-81AHZ					1600490672A
QODN167A0B641-81AHZ					1600491657A
QODN167A0B641-82AHZ					1600490456A
QODN167A0B641-83AHZ					1600491073A
QODN167A0B841-83AHZ					1600491074A
QODN167A0B641-AHZ					1600490021A
QODN167A0B641-HZ					1600489946A
QODN167A0B51-PHZ					1600489974A
QODN167A0B541-AHZ					1600490219A
QODN167A0B541-HZ					1600490217A
QODN167A0B41-AHZ					1600489293A
QODN167A0B41-HZ					1600487305A
QODN167A0B41-PHZ					1600489292A
QODN167A0B341-AHZ					1600490206A
QODN167A0B841-83AHZ-HF					1600491074A
QODN167A0B641-83AHZ-HF					1600491073A
QODN167A0B41-AHZ-HF					1600489294A
QODN167A0B541-AHZ-HF					1600491782A
QODN167A0B41-HZ-HF					1600489255A
QODN167A0B41-PHZ-HF					1600489295A

Table: Orderable Accessories

Manufacturer Part Number	Ordering Code	Description
EVAL QODN and QODE series single	1600486584A	Single module Evaluation Board
EVAL QODN and QODE series 3x parallel	1600486585A	Three module Evaluation Board
I2C_USB_DONGLE_2.X	1600218857A	USB dongle needed to use Digital Power Insights software. Cables or evaluation board are not included.
I2C_USB_DONGLE_2.X_WITH_ CABLES	150036482	USB dongle and cables (PC to dongle and dongle to eval board) to use Digital Power Insights software. Evaluation board is not included.
I2C_USB_DONGLE_2.X_WITH_CABL ES_AND_POL_EVAL_BOARD	CC109164430	Digital Power Insights (DPI) kit with USB dongle, needed cables, a digital POL evaluation board (PDT012 or PJT020) and quick guide.

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Table 2: Device Options

Characteristic	Character and Position													Definition
Form Factor	Q													Q = Quarter Brick
Family Designator		OD												OD = OSPREY Digital Series with PMBus Interface
Input Voltage			N											N = Next generation
Output Power				167A0										167A0 = 167.0A Rated Output Current
Output Voltage					B									B = 12V nominal
Pin Length						8 6 5 3								Omit = Default Pin Length shown in Mechanical Outline : 6.35 mm ± 0.25mm, (0.250 in. ± 0.010 in.) 8 = 2.79 mm ± 0.25mm, (0.110 in. ± 0.010 in.) 6 = 3.68 mm ± 0.25mm, (0.145 in. ± 0.010 in.) 5 = 4.57mm ± 0.25mm,(0.180 in. ± 0.010 in.) 3 = 8.00mm ± 0.25mm, (0.315 in. ± 0.010 in.)
Action following Protective Shutdown							4							Omit = Latching Mode 4 = Auto-restart following shutdown (Overcurrent/ Overvoltage)
On/off Logic								1						Omit = Positive Logic 1 = Negative Logic
									-					
Heat plate option										81				81 = Slim heatplate, product height 13.6 mm
Heat plate option										82				82 = Full surface heatplate, product height 15.4 mm
Pin standoff option										83				83 = high pin standoff, product height 15.1 mm
Load share										P				P = Forced Droop Output for use in parallel applications
										A				A = Active current share for use in parallel applications
Heat Plate											H			H = Heat plate, for use with a heat sink or cold wall
RoHS												Z		Z = RoHS Compliant
													–	
W/o halogen													HF	Halogen free

Note: "-HF variants are halogen-free and comply with the halogen content requirements specified in IEC 61249-2-21"

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Datasheet Change History (excludes grammar & clarifications)

Revision	Date	Description of the change
1.0	15/01/2025	Initial release
1.1	23/06/2025	Minor visual updates
1.2	10/10/2025	Update mechanical drawing and characteristic curves
2.0	11/15/2025	Update several PMbus registers
3.0	1/7/2026	Add one 15.5mm height version product
3.1	04/09/2026	Added footnote in Pmbus command sections and note in Ordering Information.
3.11	4/22/2026	Updated Device Codes table
3.12	4/24/2026	Updated hard tray packaging
3.2	04/15/2026	Revise minor PMBus descriptions
3.21	5/6/2026	Add 13.6mm height 81AHZ version product Added IPC9592 Class 1 compliance
3.22	5/12/2026	Added new variant 1600491782A / QODN167A0B541-AHZ-HF
3.23	5/29/2026	Updated product image on first page
3.24	6/23/2026	Typo correction (VOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT corrected to IOUT_OC_FAULT_LIMIT)
3.25	7/16/2026	Corrected Telcordia standard used for MTBF calculation from “SR-332 Issue 3” to “SR-332 Issue 4
3.26	7/28/2026	Updated name of PMBus command 0x19 from VOUT_MODE to CAPABILITY.
3.27	7/29/2026	Added evaluation board ordering codes
3.28	8/5/2026	Added -81, -82, and -83 product option explanations to Device Options table

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